Cannabis Laws and Programs in the United States

Laws,
Medical Programs,
Adult-Use Recreational Programs,
Work Permit Requirements,
and
Business Licensing Requirements
for
Each U.S. State

Updated March 7, 2020
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United States Federal Cannabis Laws

This section provides information on United States federal cannabis laws.

1 History Of US Cannabis Policy

Prior to the 1930’s, the cannabis plant was a popular agricultural crop in the United States, primarily because of hemp and its many byproducts. When labor-saving machines like the cotton mill became popular, the agricultural benefits of cannabis decreased. After that, cannabis was produced mostly for the psychoactive properties in the budding flowers.

1.1 The Marihuana Tax Act Of 1937

This rise in popularity of the psychoactive effects of cannabis eventually led to the passing of the 1937 Marihuana Tax Act. This US federal bill required mandatory reporting and taxation for the production, distribution, and manufacture of the cannabis plant. While the bill did not outright ban or prohibit cannabis, it did limit the production and manufacturing of the plant throughout the United States. The penalty for a violation or for not reporting a violation was a maximum fine of $2,000 and/or up to 5 years in prison.

The immediate result of the Marihuana Tax Act was a decline in the availability of cannabis for any use within the United States. The Marihuana Tax Act created such a large financial and procedural burden on cannabis farmers that it essentially eliminated any legal medical, industrial, or recreational use of the cannabis plant.

1.2 World War II

The Marihuana Tax Act was enforced from 1937 to 1969. However, in the 1940’s, hemp regained some popularity. During World War II, the rise in need for essential materials caused enforcement of the Marihuana Tax Act to be suspended. The federal government encouraged farmers to produce cannabis for hemp fiber and oil, to use in making war materials. The rise in synthetic fibers after the war lead to the re-enforcement of the Marihuana Tax Act. The rising “War on Drugs” reduced the number of farmers growing cannabis, and by 1960, virtually no remaining cannabis farmers remained in America.

1.3 The Controlled Substance Act Of 1970

In 1969, the Supreme Court ruled that the Marihuana Tax Act was a violation of the Fifth Amendment right against self-incrimination. Meanwhile, the federal government was creating the Controlled Substance Act of 1970.

The Controlled Substance Act is the United States federal government’s framework for all drug and substance regulations. The Act separates drugs into different classes. The punishments and penalties for activities surrounding drugs vary according to the class.
Since the Controlled Substance Act was passed in 1970, cannabis and its by-products have been listed as Schedule 1 substances. This makes people who possess or use the plant subject to federal felony charges and other severe penalties.

The Controlled Substance Act essentially groups the cannabis plant and its byproducts together and bans any “tetrahydrocannabinols naturally contained in a plant of the genus Cannabis (cannabis plant), as well as synthetic equivalents of the substances contained in the cannabis plant, or in the resinous extractives of such plant...”.

### 1.4 Legalization And Regulation In US States

Since 1970, many state governments in the United States have recognized the medical benefits of cannabis. In 1996, California became the first state to implement a medical cannabis program. Now, more than half the United States have created lawful medical cannabis programs. Many of those states (including the District of Columbia) have lawful recreational cannabis programs as well.

### 2 Current US Federal Law

Under current federal law, cannabis is illegal in the United States for any purpose. The Controlled Substance Act of 1970 provides the framework surrounding the legality of cannabis, categorizing it as a Schedule I substance. Under this act, Schedule I substances are defined as having a high potential for abuse with no currently accepted medical use for treatment. Schedule 1 substances are also considered to be unsafe, even for use under medical supervision.

#### 2.1 The Cole Memorandum Of 2009

Although many states provide access to lawful medical or recreational cannabis, federal law still prohibits its use, possession, cultivation, and distribution. However, in 2009, the Obama Administration issued the Cole Memorandum to federal prosecutors. This memo clarified the confusion and disconnect between the federal status of cannabis and the emerging legal state policies. In the memo, the Obama Administration encouraged federal prosecutors to avoid spending federal resources against individuals who are complying with state medical cannabis laws with these exceptions:

- Preventing distribution to minors
- Preventing revenue from the sale of cannabis from going to criminal enterprises, gangs and cartels
- Preventing the diversion of cannabis from states where it is legal under state law in some form to other states
- Preventing state-authorized cannabis activity from being used as a cover for the trafficking of other illegal drugs
- Preventing violence and the use of firearms in the cultivation and distribution of cannabis
- Preventing drugged driving and other adverse public health consequences
- Preventing the growth of cannabis on public land
- Preventing cannabis possession or use on federal property
While the Cole Memorandum did not legalize cannabis under federal law, it did give federal prosecutors the freedom to avoid prosecuting medical cannabis program that comply with their respective state laws. Although cannabis remains classified as a Schedule 1 substance federally, the memo provides leniency towards states with legitimate cannabis program, including both medical cannabis program and recreational adult program.

### 2.2 The Trump Administration

In early 2018, under the Trump administration, Attorney General Jeff Sessions issued a memo that effectively overturned the Cole Memorandum’s guidance. In this memo, Sessions instructed federal prosecutors to include the law enforcement priorities set by the Attorney General along with all other relevant considerations when prioritizing federal cannabis law enforcement. Additionally, Sessions rescinded the Cole memo as unnecessary, giving federal prosecutors the power to spend federal resources to prosecute state-legal cannabis businesses.

The DEA has not yet prosecuted any state-legal cannabis businesses. However, it is important to note that federal law has precedence over state law when there is a conflict. Therefore, in states that offer legal cannabis programs, US federal law outranks the state policy. This means that the US federal government may now prosecute businesses and individuals for state-legal, cannabis-related activities under federal law at any time.

### 3 Laws in US States Where Cannabis Is Legal For Medical And Recreational Use

*Disclaimer: Although we do our best to keep state-specific content up to date, laws and regulations can change daily in the cannabis industry. Refer to the links under each state for the most current policies.*

The following sections summarize the laws in US states where cannabis is legal for both medical and recreational use. Links to the cannabis programs in each state are also provided.

#### 3.1 Alaska

**Program Type:** Medical and Recreational

**Possession:**
- Medical: Up to 1 oz flower
- Recreational (Public): Up to 1 oz flower
- Recreational (Private): Up to 4 oz flower

**Distribution:**
- Medical: From caregiver to patient and at retail outlets
- Recreational: Can give away up to 1 oz and 6 plants, and purchase at retail outlets
Cultivation:
- Medical: Up to 6 plants to person over 21
- Recreational: Up to 6 plants, household limit of 12

Unlawful:
- Public consumption: Violation
- Driving under influence: DUI
- Possession of 1 to 4 oz of flower, or up to 3 gm of concentrate: Misdemeanor
- Possession of more than 1 oz of flower, or over 3 gm of concentrate: Felony
- Possession in a protected area: Felony
- Sale or delivery of 1 oz or less: Misdemeanor
- Sale or delivery of over 1 oz (or to a minor): Felony
- Delivery, manufacture or possession with intent to distribute any amount of concentrate: Felony
- Cultivation of up to 6 plants (3 mature): No penalty
- Cultivation of 6 to 25 plants in your residence: Not classified
- Cultivation of 25 plants or more: Felony

3.2 California

Program Type: Medical and Recreational

Possession:
- Medical: As much as needed to treat condition
- Recreational: Up to 1 oz flower and 8 gm concentrate

Distribution:
- Medical: From caregiver to patient and at retail outlets
- Recreational: Can give away up to 1 oz or 8 gm concentrate and purchase at retail outlets

Cultivation:
- Medical: Up to 100 square feet grow area per residence
- Recreational: Up to 6 plants

Unlawful:
- Public consumption: Civil citation
- Driving under influence: DUI
- Possession of more than 1 oz flower or 8 gm concentrate: Misdemeanor
- Sale or distribution of any amount: Misdemeanor
- Sale or distribution to a minor: Felony
- Cultivation of more than 6 plants: Misdemeanor

3.3 Colorado

Program Type: Medical and Recreational
Possession:

- Medical: Up to 2 oz flower
- Recreational: Up to 1 oz flower or concentrate

Distribution:

- Medical: From caregiver to patient and at retail outlets
- Recreational: Can give away up to 1 oz and purchase at retail outlets

Cultivation:

- Medical: Up to 12 plants
- Recreational: Up to 12 plants

Unlawful:

- Public consumption: Petty drug offense
- Driving under the influence: DUI
- Possession of 1 to 2 oz of flower: Petty drug offense
- Possession of 2 to 12 oz of flower or 1 to 3 oz of concentrate: Misdemeanor
- Possession of more than 12 oz of flower or 3 oz of concentrate: Felony
- Sale or distribution of less than 4 oz of flower or 2 oz of concentrate: Misdemeanor
- Sale or distribution of more than 4 oz or to a minor: Felony
- Cultivation of more than 12 plants: Petty drug offense
- Cultivation, second offense: Misdemeanor
- Cultivation of more than 24 plants: Felony

3.4 District of Columbia (DC)

Program Type: Medical and Recreational

Possession:

- Medical: Up to 2 oz flower, with a 4 oz limit per 30-day period
- Recreational: Up to 2 oz

Distribution:

- Medical: From caregiver to patient and at retail outlets
- Recreational: May give away up to 1 oz or purchase at retail outlet

Cultivation:

- Medical: Up to 3 mature and 3 immature plants per patient, limit of 12 per residence
- Recreational: Up to 3 mature and 3 immature plants per adult, limit of 12 per residence

Unlawful:

- Public use: Misdemeanor
- Driving under influence: DUI
- Possession of 2 oz to ½ lb.: Misdemeanor
• Possession of larger amounts or second offense: Felony
• Distribution of less than ½ lb.: Misdemeanor
• Distribution of larger amount: Felony
• Distribution to a minor or in protected area: Double punishment
• Cultivation of less than ½ lb.: Misdemeanor
• Cultivation of larger amount: Felony

3.5 Illinois

**Program Type:** Medical and Recreational

**Possession:**
• Medical: Up to 2.5 oz of usable cannabis in a 14-day period
• Recreational (resident): 30 gm flower; 5 gm concentrate; 500 mg THC in an infused product
• Recreational (non-resident): 15 gm flower; 2.5 gm concentrate; 250 mg THC in an infused product

**Distribution:**
• Medical: From caregiver to patient and at retail outlets
• Recreational: From licensed retail store to customer only

**Cultivation:**
• Medical: Up to 5 plants per household
• Recreational: Up to 5 plants per household

**Unlawful:**
• Driving under the influence (more than 5 nanograms THC in blood test): DUI
• Possession from 30 to 100 gm of flower: Misdemeanor
• Possession of more than 100 gm of flower: Felony
• Sale of distribution of up to 10 gm: Misdemeanor
• Sale or distribution of over 10 gm: Felony
• Cultivation of more than 5 plants: Felony

3.6 Maine

**Program Type:** Medical and Recreational

**Possession:**
• Medical: Up to 8 lb. of harvested cannabis
• Recreational: Up to 2.5 oz flower or no more than 5 grams of concentrate

**Distribution:**
• Medical: From caregiver to patient and at retail outlets
• Recreational: Can give away up to 2.5 oz flower, 5 gm concentrate, or 6 mature plants and purchase at retail outlets
Cultivation:
- Medical: Up to 6 mature and 12 immature plants and unlimited seedlings
- Recreational: Up to 3 mature and 12 immature plants and unlimited seedlings

Unlawful:
- Public consumption: Civil fine
- Driving under influence: DUI
- Possession of 2.5 to 8 oz flower: Misdemeanor
- Possession of more than 8 oz flower or 5 gm concentrate: Felony
- Sale or distribution of up to 10 gm: Misdemeanor
- Sale or distribution of over 10 gm: Felony
- Cultivation of up to 100 plants: Misdemeanor
- Cultivation of more than 100 plants: Felony

3.7 Massachusetts

Program Type: Medical and Recreational

Possession:
- Medical: 60-day supply, up to 10 oz flower and up to 1.5 oz concentrate
- Recreational: Up to 1 oz flower or 5 gm concentrate and up to 10 oz in the home

Distribution:
- Medical: From caregiver to patient and at retail outlets
- Recreational: Can give away up to 1 oz and purchase at retail outlets

Cultivation:
- Medical: Up to 6 plants
- Recreational: Up to 6 plants per person (no more than 12 per residence)

Unlawful:
- Public consumption: Civil fine
- Open container in vehicle: Civil fine
- Possession of more than 1 oz: Misdemeanor (subsequent offenses are higher misdemeanor)
- Possession with intent to distribute, less than 50 lb.: Not classified
- Possession with intent to distribute of more than 50 lb.: Felony
- Cultivation of more than 6 plants and less than 12: Civil penalty

3.8 Michigan

Program Type: Medical and Recreational

Possession:
- Medical: Up to 2.5 oz or equivalent
Recreational: Up to 2.5 oz or equivalent and up to 10 oz in the home

Distribution:
- Medical: From caregiver to patient and at retail outlets
- Recreational: Can give away up to 2.5 oz or equivalent or purchase at retail outlets

Cultivation:
- Medical: Up to 12 plants
- Recreational: Up to 12 plants

Unlawful:
- Public consumption: Civil infraction
- Possession from 2.5 to 5 oz: Civil infraction
- Possession of more than 5 oz (1st or 2nd offense): Civil infraction
- Possession of more than 5 oz (3rd offense): Misdemeanor
- Distribution with any money exchanged: Crime
- Distribution of more than 2.5 oz: Civil infraction
- Cultivation of up to 24 plants: Civil infraction
- More than 24 plants: Felony

3.9 Nevada

Program Type: Medical and Recreational

Possession:
- Medical: Up to 2.5 oz in 14-day period
- Recreational: up to 1 oz flower or 1/8 oz concentrate

Distribution:
- Medical: From caregiver to patient and at retail outlets
- Recreational: Can give away up to 1 oz flower or 1/8 oz concentrate or purchase at retail outlets

Cultivation:
- Medical: Allowed if access to dispensaries is limited
- Recreational: Up to 6 plants per person and 12 per residence if no dispensary is within 25 miles

Unlawful:
- Public consumption: Misdemeanor
- Possession of more than 1 oz: Misdemeanor
- Distribution of more than 1 oz (or to a minor): Felony
- Cultivation of more than 12 plants: Felony

3.10 Oregon

Program Type: Medical and Recreational
**Possession:**

- **Medical:** Up to 24 oz of usable cannabis, 16 oz of cannabis in solid form, 72 fluid oz of cannabis in liquid form, 16 oz of concentrates, 5 gm of extract, 50 seeds, and 4 immature plants
- **Recreational:** Up to 1 oz of flower (8 oz in home), 5gm of concentrates, 16 oz of infused solids, 72 fluid oz of infused liquids, 10 seeds, and 4 plants

**Distribution:**

- **Medical:** From caregiver to patient and at retail outlets
- **Recreational:** Can gift up to 1 oz of flower and other products with restrictions, otherwise must be purchased from dispensary

**Cultivation:**

*Note: Other limits to medical cultivation apply based on zoning and previous laws with patients being grandfathered in.*

- **Medical:** Each patient may have 6 mature plants, 12 immature plants that are taller than 24 inches, and 36 immature plants that are shorter than 24 inches.
- **Recreational:** Up to 4 plants per residence (some restrictions)

**Unlawful:**

- Driving under the influence of cannabis: DUII
- Possession in public of 1 to 2 oz flower: Violation
- Possession in public of 2 oz to 8 lb.: Misdemeanor
- Possession in public of more than 8 lb.: Felony
- Possession in private of the following is a criminal violation: 8 to 16 oz flower, 16 to 32 oz edibles, 72 to 144 oz topicals, 1 to 2 oz concentrate
- Possession in private of the following is a misdemeanor: 16 to 128 oz flower, 32 to 256 oz edibles, 144 to 1152 oz topicals, 2 to 16 oz concentrate
- Possession in private of larger amounts: Felony
- Distribution of 1 to 16 oz with no money: Violation
- Distribution of 2 to 15 oz flower or less than ¼ oz concentrate: Misdemeanor
- Distribution of 16 oz or more: Misdemeanor
- Distribution to a minor or within 1,000 ft of schools: Felony
- Cultivation without property owner’s consent: Civil fine
- Cultivation of 4 to 8 plants: Misdemeanor
- Cultivation of more than 8 plants: Felony

**3.11 Vermont**

**Program Type:** Medical and Recreational

**Possession:**

- **Medical:** Up to 2 oz (purchased from designated dispensary)
- **Recreational:** Up to 1 oz flower or 5 gm concentrate
Distribution:

- Medical: From caregiver to patient and at retail outlets
- Recreational: Must be purchased from dispensary

Cultivation:

- Medical: Up to 2 mature and 7 immature plants (some restrictions)
- Recreational: Up to 2 mature and 4 immature plants

Unlawful:

- Public consumption: Civil citation
- Driving under influence: DUI
- Possession of 1 to 2 oz flower or 5 to 10 gm concentrate: Misdemeanor
- Possession of more than 2 oz or subsequent offense: Felony
- Distribution of less than 1 oz: Misdemeanor
- Distribution of 1 oz or more flower or more than 5 gm concentrate: Felony
- Distribution to a minor: Felony
- Cultivation without property owner’s consent: Civil fine
- Cultivation of 6 to 12 plants: Misdemeanor
- Cultivation of more than 12 plants: Felony

3.12 Washington State

Program Type: Medical and Recreational

Possession:

- Medical: Up to 3 oz flower, 48 oz edibles, 216 oz topicals, or 32 gm concentrate
- Recreational: Up to 1 oz flower, 16 oz edibles, 72 oz topicals, or 7 gm concentrate

Distribution:

- Medical: From caregiver to patient and at retail outlets
- Recreational: Must be purchased from dispensary

Cultivation:

- Medical: Up to 6 plants per patient, limit of 15 per residence
- Recreational: Not allowed

Unlawful:

- Possession of 28 to 40 gm of flower: Misdemeanor
- Possession of more than 40 gm of flower or second offense: Felony
- Distribution of any amount: Felony
- Cultivation of any amount: Felony
4 US States Where Cannabis Is Legal For Medical Use Only

Disclaimer: Although we do our best to keep state-specific content up to date, laws and regulations can change daily in the cannabis industry. Refer to the links under each state for the most current policies.

The following sections summarize the laws in US states where cannabis is legal for medical use only. Links to the medical cannabis program website in each state are also provided.

4.1 Arizona

Program Type: Medical

Medical Possession: Qualified and registered patients and caregivers may possess up to 2 ½ oz over a 2-week period

Medical Cultivation: Qualified and registered patients and their designated caregivers can cultivate up to 12 plants in their home if they live more than 25 miles from a dispensary

Unlawful:

- Possession of any amount: Felony
- Distribution of any amount: Felony
- Cultivation of any amount: Felony
- Trafficking of any amount: Felony

4.2 Arkansas

Program Type: Medical

Medical Possession: Qualified and registered patients and caregivers may possess up to 2.5 oz every 2 weeks. Patients under 21 may not smoke cannabis but may use other cannabis products.

Medical Cultivation: No home cultivation for patients or caregivers

Unlawful:

- Possession of less than 4 oz: Misdemeanor
- Possession of larger amounts: Felony
- Distribution of less than 14 gm: Misdemeanor
- Distribution of up to 500 lb.: Felony
- Distribution of over 500 lb.: Trafficking
- Cultivation of less than 14 gm: Misdemeanor
- Cultivation of up to 500 lb.: Felony

4.3 Connecticut

Program Type: Medical
Medical Possession: Qualified and registered patients and caregivers may possess up to 2.5 oz a month

Medical Cultivation: No home cultivation for patients or caregivers

Unlawful:

- Possession for personal use (less than ½ oz): Civil fine
- Possession of ½ oz to 4 oz: Misdemeanor
- Possession of over 4 oz: Felony
- Distribution of any amount: Felony
- Cultivation: Regulated as distribution based on the aggregate weight of the plants
- Trafficking: Regulated as distribution

4.4 Delaware

Program Type: Medical

Medical Possession: Qualified and registered patients and caregivers may possess up to 6 oz of flower. Patients under 18 may possess only cannabis oil of at least 15% CBD and no more than 7% THC.

Medical Cultivation: No home cultivation for patients or caregivers

Unlawful:

- Possession for personal use (up to 1 oz): Civil fine
- Possession of 1 oz to 175 gm: Misdemeanor
- Possession of over 175 gm: Felony
- Distribution of any amount: Felony
- Cultivation: Regulated as distribution based on the aggregate weight of the plants.
- Possession, distribution, or cultivation of more than 5,000 gm: Felony trafficking

4.5 Florida

Program Type: Medical

Medical Possession:

- Patients and caregivers may not possess more than a 70-day supply of cannabis at any given time, and all cannabis purchased must remain in its original packaging.
- Patients and caregivers may not purchase more than a 35-day supply of smokable cannabis (2.5 ounces) or possess more than 4 ounces of smokable cannabis at any one time.

Medical Cultivation: No home cultivation for patients or caregivers

Unlawful:

- Possession of less than 20 gm: Misdemeanor
- Possession of more than 20 gm: Felony
- Possession of any amount of concentrate: Felony
- Distribution of 20 gm or less without receiving money: Misdemeanor
• Distribution of any amount of flower or concentrate with money received or more than 20 gm: Felony
• Cultivation regulated the same as distribution
• Trafficking: Distribution, cultivation, or trafficking over 25 lb. is felony trafficking

4.6 Georgia

Program Type: Medical

Medical Possession: Qualified and registered patients and authorized guardians may possess up to 20 fl oz of low-THC (< 5%) cannabis oil at one time.

Medical Cultivation: No home cultivation for patients or authorized guardians

Unlawful:
• Possession for personal use (1 oz or less): Misdemeanor
• Possession more than 1 oz, or any amount of concentrate: Felony
• Distribution of any amount (including concentrate): Felony
• Cultivation of any flower or concentrate manufacturing: Felony
• Trafficking defined by possession or distribution of more than 10 lb.: Felony

4.7 Hawaii

Program Type: Medical

Medical Possession: Qualified and registered patients and caregivers may possess up to 4 oz of flower or concentrates

Medical Cultivation: Patients and their caregivers may cultivate up to 10 plants at home

Unlawful:
• Possession of up to 3 gm: Violation
• Possession of 3 gm to 1 lb. of flower: Misdemeanor
• Possession of 1 lb. or more of flower: Felony
• Possession of ⅛ oz or less of concentrate: Misdemeanor
• Possession of larger amount of concentrate: Felony
• Distribution of less than 1 oz of flower: Misdemeanor
• Distribution of larger amounts of flower: Felony
• Cultivation of any amount: Felony
• No separate trafficking regulations

4.8 Iowa

Program Type: Medical

Medical Possession: Patients and caregivers may possess up to 32 oz of cannabis oil containing up to 3% THC.
Medical Cultivation: No home cultivation for patients or caregivers

Unlawful:

- Possession of any amount: Misdemeanor
- Distribution of less than half oz for no money: Misdemeanor
- Distribution of any amount for money: Felony
- Manufacture or cultivation any amount: Felony
- Trafficking: No separate cannabis trafficking regulations

4.9 Louisiana

Program Type: Medical

Medical Possession: Qualified patients and caregivers may possess up to a 30-day supply of non-smokable cannabis

Medical Cultivation: No home cultivation for patients or caregivers

Unlawful:

- Possession of up to 60 lb.: Not classified (fine in addition to jail time based on quantity)
- Possession of more than 60 lb.: Felony
- Distribution of any amount: Felony
- Cultivation of any amount: Felony
- Trafficking: Regulated as distribution

4.10 Maryland

Program Type: Medical

Medical Possession: For each 30-day period, qualifying patients may access up to 120 gm of dried cannabis and up to 36 gm of THC extract

Medical Cultivation: No home cultivation for patients or caregivers

Unlawful:

- Possession for personal use (less than 10 gm): Civil fine
- Possession of 10 gm to 50 lb.: Misdemeanor
- Possession of more than 50 lb.: Felony
- Distribution of any amount: Felony
- Cultivation of smaller amounts: Regulated as possession
- Cultivation of larger amounts: Regulated as distribution
- Trafficking is bringing more than 5 kg into the state: Felony trafficking

4.11 Minnesota

Program Type: Medical
Medical Possession: Qualified and registered patients and caregivers may possess up to a 30-day supply of non-smokable cannabis products

Medical Cultivation: No home cultivation for patients or caregivers

Unlawful:

- Possession for personal use (less than 42.5 gm): Drug treatment program (Failure to complete drug program is a misdemeanor)
- Possession of 1.4 gm or more in a vehicle: Misdemeanor
- Possession of More than 42.5 gm: Felony
- Distribution of less than 42.5 gm without receiving money: Petty misdemeanor
- Distribution of any amount when money is received: Felony
- Cultivation of smaller amounts: Regulated as possession
- Cultivation of larger amounts: Regulated as distribution
- Trafficking is transporting 25 kg or more into the state: Felony trafficking

4.12 Missouri

Program Type: Medical

Medical Possession: Qualified and registered patients and caregivers may possess up to a 60-day supply (the qualifying patient’s physician may certify up to 4 ounces dried, unprocessed, cannabis, 24 grams of concentrate, or 2400 milligrams of THC in infused products.

Medical Cultivation: A patient may possess up to 6 flowering plants, 6 nonflowering plants, and 6 clones. Two patients may share one enclosed, locked facility. No more than 12 plants may be cultivated in a single space, unless the caregiver is cultivating on behalf of a third patient, in which case they may cultivate a total of 18 plants.

Unlawful:

- Possession for personal use (less than 10 gm): 1st offense is a civil fine but can be enforced as misdemeanor; 2nd offense is a misdemeanor
- Possession of 10 to 35 gm: Misdemeanor
- Possession of 35 gm to 30 kg: Felony
- Distribution of any amount: Felony
- Cultivation of any amount: Felony
- Trafficking is possession, distribution, or cultivation of more than 30 kg: Felony trafficking

4.13 Montana

Program Type: Medical

Medical Possession: Qualified and registered patients and caregivers may possess up to 1 oz flower, 8 gm concentrate, 800 mg edibles, or 8 ml vape

Medical Cultivation: Qualified and registered patients can cultivate up to 4 plants in their home if they have no designated caregiver
Unlawful:

- Possession of less than 60 gm flower or 1 gm concentrate: Misdemeanor
- Possession of over 60 gm: Felony
- Distribution of any amount: Felony
- Cultivation of any amount: Felony
- Trafficking: Regulated as possession

4.14 New Hampshire

Program Type: Medical

Medical Possession: Qualified and registered patients and caregivers may possess up to 2 oz.

Medical Cultivation: No home cultivation for patients or caregivers

Unlawful:

- Possession for personal use (¾ oz or less): Civil violation
- Possession, 3rd offense, more than ¾ oz, or more than 5 gm concentrate: Misdemeanor
- Distribution of any amount: Felony
- Cultivation: Regulated as distribution
- Trafficking: Regulated as distribution

4.15 New Jersey

Program Type: Medical

Medical Possession: Qualified and registered patients and caregivers may possess up to 2 oz per month

Medical Cultivation: No home cultivation for patients or caregivers

Unlawful:

- Possession of Less than 50 gm flower or 5 gm hash/concentrate: Disorderly person
- Possession of more than 50 gm flower or 5 gm of hash/concentrate: Indictable offense
- Distribution of any amount: Indictable offense
- Cultivation of any amount: Indictable offense
- Trafficking is anyone deemed a leader of a trafficking network: Indictable offense

4.16 New Mexico

Program Type: Medical

Medical Possession: Properly registered qualified patients, authorized purchasers, and caregivers may possess up to 2.5 oz.

Medical Cultivation: Qualified and registered patients and caregivers can cultivate up to 16 plants in their home, but only 4 may be mature at once.

Unlawful:
- Possession of less than ½ oz: $50 fine
- Possession of ½ to 1 oz: 1st offense is a petty misdemeanor, 2nd offense is a misdemeanor
- Possession of 1 to 8 oz: Misdemeanor
- Possession of more than 8 oz: Felony
- Distribution if no money is received: Possession charge
- Distribution with money exchanged of any amount: Felony
- Cultivation of any amount: Felony
- Trafficking is any amount trafficked into the state: Felony

### 4.17 New York

**Program Type:** Medical

**Medical Possession:** Qualified and registered patients and caregivers may possess up to a 30-day supply of non-smokable cannabis.

**Medical Cultivation:** No home cultivation for patients or caregivers.

**Unlawful:**
- Cannabis use in public: Violation
- Possession of less than 2 oz: Violation
- Possession of 2 to 8 oz: Misdemeanor
- Possession of more than 8 oz: Felony
- Distribution of 25 gm or less or 1 cannabis cigarette: Misdemeanor
- Distribution of more than 25 gm or to a minor: Felony
- Distribution of any amount of concentrate: Felony
- Cultivation of any amount: Misdemeanor
- Trafficking is leader of drug organization that sells at least $75,000, or anyone in possession of at least $75,000 worth of cannabis: Felony trafficking

### 4.18 North Dakota

**Program Type:** Medical

**Medical Possession:** Qualified and registered patients and caregivers may possess up to 2.5 oz flower or 2,000 mg of cannabis product.

**Medical Cultivation:** No home cultivation for patients or caregivers

**Unlawful:**
- Possession of 14 gm or less: Criminal infraction
- Possession of more than 14 gm: Misdemeanor
- Possession, manufacturing or delivery of any amount of concentrate: Felony
- Distribution of any amount: Felony
- Cultivation: Charged as possession
- Trafficking: Regulated as possession and distribution
4.19 Ohio

Program Type: Medical

Medical Possession: Qualified and registered patients and caregivers may possess up to a 90-day supply of non-smokable cannabis product.

Medical Cultivation: No home cultivation for patients or caregivers.

Unlawful:

- Possession of less than 100 gm flower or 1 gm concentrate: Minor misdemeanor
- Possession of 100 to 200 gm flower, or 1 to 2 gm concentrate: Misdemeanor
- Possession of larger amounts: Felony
- Distribution: Unlawful distribution charged as trafficking.
- Cultivation of less than 100 gm: Minor misdemeanor
- Cultivation of 100 to 200 gm: Misdemeanor
- Cultivation of larger amounts: Felony
- Trafficking is defined as sale, delivery, distribution, or possession with intent to distribute.
- Trafficking 20 gm or less without receiving money: Minor misdemeanor
- Trafficking of any amount: Felony

4.20 Oklahoma

Program Type: Medical

Medical Possession: Qualified and registered patients and caregivers may possess up to 1 oz concentrate and 72 oz of edible products. In addition, they can possess up to 3 oz flower on their person, and up to 8 oz flower at their residence.

Medical Cultivation: Qualified and registered patients and caregivers may cultivate up to 6 mature plants and 6 seedlings.

Unlawful:

- Possession of any amount, 1st and 2nd offense: Misdemeanor
- Possession, 3rd and subsequent offense: Felony
- Distribution of any amount: Felony
- Cultivation of any amount: Felony
- Trafficking is possession or distribution of more than 25 lb.: Felony trafficking

4.21 Pennsylvania

Program Type: Medical

Medical Possession: Qualified and registered patients and caregivers may possess up to a 30-day supply of non-smokable cannabis.

Medical Cultivation: No home cultivation for patients or caregivers.

Unlawful:
• Possession for personal use (30 gm or less flower or 8 gm or less hash): Misdemeanor
• Possession of larger amount up to 200 lb.: Higher misdemeanor
• Distribution without receiving money: Misdemeanor
• Distribution of any amount with receiving money: Felony
• Cultivation of less than 10 plants: Charged as possession
• Cultivation of more than 10 plants: Charged as trafficking
• Trafficking is possession, distribution or cultivation over 2 lb.: Felony trafficking

### 4.22 Rhode Island

**Program Type:** Medical

**Medical Possession:** Qualified and registered patients and caregivers may possess up to 2.5 oz.

**Medical Cultivation:** Qualified patients may cultivate up to 12 mature plants and 12 seedlings in their home. Registered caregivers may cultivate up to 24 mature plants and 24 seedlings in their home.

**Unlawful:**

- Possession for personal use (1 oz or less): Civil violation
- Possession of 1 oz to 1 kg: Misdemeanor
- Possession of larger amounts: Charged as distribution
- Distribution of any amount: Felony
- Cultivation of any amount: Felony
- Trafficking: No separate cannabis trafficking regulations

### 4.23 Texas

**Program Type:** Medical

**Medical Possession:** Patients may possess cannabis products with THC content below 0.5% (no flower possession allowed)

**Medical Cultivation:** No home cultivation allowed

**Unlawful:**

- Possession of up to 4 oz flower: Misdemeanor
- Possession of larger amounts of flower or any concentrate: Felony
- Distribution of 7 gm or less: Misdemeanor
- Distribution of larger amounts of flower or any concentrate, or to a minor: Felony
- Cultivation of any flower: Felony
- Manufacturing any concentrate: Regulated like distribution
- Trafficking: Same as regulations for distribution and cultivation
4.24 Utah

Program Type: Medical. Utah began accepting patient applications on March 1, 2020. Prior to January 2021, patients meeting certain criteria outlined in the Medical Cannabis Act may legally possess medical cannabis without a medical cannabis card.

Medical Possession: Qualified and registered patients and caregivers may possess up to 4 oz.

Medical Cultivation: Qualified and registered patients and caregivers may cultivate up to 6 plants in their home if they live more than 100 miles from a cultivation center.

Unlawful:

- Possession for personal use of less than 1 oz (1st and 2nd offense): Petty misdemeanor
- Possession of 1 oz to 1 lb.: Misdemeanor
- Possession for personal use of less than 1 oz, 3rd and subsequent offenses: Felony
- Possession of over 1 lb.: Felony
- Distribution of any amount: Felony
- Cultivation: Regulated as possession
- Trafficking: Regulated as distribution

4.25 West Virginia

Program Type: Medical

Medical Possession: Qualified and registered patients and caregivers may possess up to a 30-day supply of non-smokable cannabis product.

Medical Cultivation: No home cultivation for patients or caregivers.

Unlawful:

- Possession any amount: Misdemeanor
- Distribution of any amount: Felony
- Cultivation: Regulated as possession or distribution depending on the aggregate weight of the plants
- Trafficking is importing any amount into the state: Felony trafficking

5 US States Where Cannabis Is Prohibited

Disclaimer: Although we do our best to keep state-specific content up to date, cannabis laws and regulations can change daily. Refer to the links under each state for the most current policies.

The following sections summarize the laws in US states where cannabis is prohibited for any use. Links to the applicable legal statutes are provided for each state.

5.1 Alabama

Program Type: None
**Illegal Possession:**
- Personal use (any amount): Misdemeanor
- Other than personal use (any amount): Felony

**Illegal Distribution:**
- Any amount: Felony

**Illegal Manufacture or Cultivation:**
- Any amount: Felony

**Trafficking:**
- Sale, manufacture, or distribution of more than 1 kg: Felony trafficking

### 5.2 Idaho

**Program Type:** None

**Illegal Possession:**
- Personal use (3 oz or less): Misdemeanor
- More than 3 oz: Felony

**Illegal Distribution:**
- Any amount: Felony

**Illegal Manufacture or Cultivation:**
- Any amount: Felony

**Trafficking:**
- Possession, distribution, or cultivation of more than 1 lb.: Felony trafficking

### 5.3 Indiana

**Program Type:** None

**Illegal Possession:**
- Personal use (30 gm or less): Misdemeanor
- Up to 10 lb. or any amount of concentrate: Felony

**Illegal Distribution:**
- Less than 30 gm: Misdemeanor
- 30 gm or more and a prior drug offense: Felony

**Illegal Manufacture or Cultivation:**
- Less than 30 gm flower cultivated, or 5 gm concentrate produced: Misdemeanor
• Up to 10 lb. flower cultivated or concentrate produced: Felony

Trafficking:
• Possession, distribution, or cultivation over 10 lb.: Higher trafficking in cannabis felony

5.4 Kansas

Program Type: None

Illegal Possession:
• First and second offense (small amounts): Simple misdemeanor
• Third or subsequent offense: Aggravated misdemeanor

Illegal Distribution:
• Any amount: Felony

Illegal Manufacture or Cultivation:
• Less than 4 plants: Charged as possession
• More than 4 plants: Felony

Trafficking:
• No separate cannabis trafficking regulations.

5.5 Kentucky

Program Type: None

Illegal Possession:
• Personal use (8 oz or less), first offense: Misdemeanor
• Personal use (8 oz or less), second offense: Felony
• Larger amounts: Charged as distribution

Illegal Distribution:
• Sale, distribution, possession with intent to distribute, or delivery of any amount: Charged as trafficking

Illegal Manufacture or Cultivation:
• First offense (less than 5 plants): Misdemeanor
• Subsequent offenses (less than 5 plants): Felony cultivation
• 5 or more plants: Charged as distribution

Trafficking:
• 8 oz or more: Felony
5.6 Mississippi

**Program Type:** None

**Illegal Possession:**
- Personal possession (less than 30 gm of flower or 0.1 gm of concentrate), first offense: Civil fine
- Personal possession (less than 30 gm of flower or 0.1 gm of concentrate), subsequent: Misdemeanor

**Illegal Distribution:**
- Any amount: Felony

**Illegal Manufacture or Cultivation:**
- Any amount: Felony

**Trafficking:**
- Possession, distribution, or cultivation of 1 kg or more: Felony trafficking in cannabis

5.7 Nebraska

**Program Type:** None

**Illegal Possession:**
- Personal use possession (less than 1 oz), first offense: Civil infraction
- Personal use possession (less than 1 oz), subsequent offenses: Misdemeanor
- Possession of 1 oz to 1 lb.: Misdemeanor
- Possession of more than 1 lb. or any concentrate: Felony

**Illegal Distribution:**
- Any amount: Felony

**Illegal Manufacture or Cultivation:**
- Any amount: Felony charge

**Trafficking:**
- Distribution can increase to felony trafficking if a vehicle or other mode of transportation is involved.

5.8 North Carolina

**Program Type:** None

**Illegal Possession:**
- Less than ½ oz flower or 0.05 oz concentrate for personal use: Misdemeanor
- Less than 1 ½ oz flower or 0.15 oz concentrate: Misdemeanor
• Possession of larger amounts: Distribution

**Illegal Distribution:**

• Less than 5 gm and no money received: Charged as possession for personal use
• 10 lb. or less for profit: Felony

**Illegal Manufacture or Cultivation:**

• Less than 10 lb.: Felony
• More than 10 lb.: Felony trafficking

**Trafficking:**

• Distribution or cultivation of more than 10 lb.: Felony trafficking

5.9 **South Carolina**

**Program Type:** None

**Illegal Possession:**

• Less than 1 oz flower or 10 gm concentrate: Misdemeanor
• Larger amounts: Charged as distribution

**Illegal Distribution:**

• Up to 10 lb. flower or 10 gm concentrate: Felony
• More than 10 lb. flower or 10 gm concentrate: Felony trafficking

**Illegal Manufacture or Cultivation:**

• 100 or fewer plants: Felony
• More than 100 plants: Felony trafficking

**Trafficking:**

• Distribution or cultivation of more than 10 lb. or 100 plants: Felony trafficking

5.10 **South Dakota**

**Program Type:** None

**Illegal Possession:**

• Personal use (2 oz flower or less): Misdemeanor
• Larger amount or any concentrate: Felony

**Illegal Distribution:**

• Less than ½ oz flower with no money involved: Misdemeanor
• Less than ½ oz flower or any concentrate with money involved: Felony

**Illegal Manufacture or Cultivation:**
• Cultivating any number of plants: Felony
• Manufacturing any amount of concentrate: Felony

Trafficking:
• No separate cannabis trafficking regulations

5.11 Tennessee

Program Type: None

Illegal Possession:
• Personal use (less than ½ oz flower or 14.75 gm concentrate), first offense: Misdemeanor
• Personal use (less than ½ oz flower or 14.75 gm concentrate), subsequent offense: Higher degree misdemeanor

Illegal Distribution:
• Any amount of flower or concentrate: Felony

Illegal Manufacture or Cultivation:
• Any amount: Felony

Trafficking:
• Trafficking is regulated as a distribution or cultivation.

5.12 Virginia

Program Type: None

Illegal Possession:
• Personal use (½ oz or less): Misdemeanor
• Larger amount or concentrate with more than 12% THC: Felony

Illegal Distribution:
• Distribution of ⅓ oz or less: Charged as personal use; simple possession
• Larger amount or any concentrate: Felony

Illegal Manufacture or Cultivation:
• First or second cultivation offense (more than ⅓ oz): Felony
• Concentrate manufacturing: Felony

Trafficking:
• Transporting more than 5 lb. flower or 1 oz hash into the state: Felony trafficking
5.13 Wisconsin

Program Type: None

Illegal Possession:
- First offense (any amount): Misdemeanor
- Subsequent offense (any amount): Felony

Illegal Distribution:
- Any amount: Felony

Illegal Manufacture or Cultivation:
- Any cultivation: Felony

Trafficking:
- Same as regulations for distribution, possession, or cultivation.

5.14 Wyoming

Program Type: None

Illegal Possession:
- Under the influence of cannabis: Misdemeanor
- Possession of less than 3 oz flower or 0.03 gm concentrate: Misdemeanor
- Larger amount: Felony
- Second or subsequent offense: Felony

Illegal Distribution:
- Any amount: Felony

Illegal Manufacture or Cultivation:
- Any cultivation: Misdemeanor

Trafficking:
- Same as regulations for distribution, possession, or cultivation
United States Medical Cannabis Programs

Some US states have medical cannabis programs that provide services to qualifying patients. This lesson provide an overview of each state, province, and territory specific medical cannabis program.

1 Qualifying Conditions In The United States

Most US states with a medical cannabis program require patients to have one or more specific medical condition(s) to qualify for participation. Some states provide a list of qualifying conditions and also allows the patient’s doctor to recommend medical cannabis for conditions that are not on the list. The medical cannabis programs in Maine, Oklahoma, and the District of Columbia (DC) do not provide a list of qualifying conditions. Instead, they rely on the patient’s doctor to determine whether the patient’s condition would be helped by medical cannabis.

Although each state has a different set of qualifying conditions, some conditions are common to multiple states. Cancer, epilepsy/seizures, HIV/AIDS, and severe or intractable pain are qualifying conditions in most of the states that have medical programs. Glaucoma, post-traumatic stress disorder (PTSD), Crohn’s disease, severe or intractable nausea/vomiting, severe or intractable muscle spasms/spasticity, amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS), and multiple sclerosis are qualifying conditions in more than half of the states with medical programs.

Disclaimer: Although we do our best to keep state-specific content up to date, laws and regulations can change daily in the cannabis industry. Refer to each state’s medical cannabis program website for the most current policy.

This table provides a list medical conditions that can be treated with cannabis, and a list of states where that condition qualifies patients to receive medical cannabis.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Condition</th>
<th>States Where Condition Qualifies for Medical Cannabis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ALS (also known as Lou Gehrig’s disease)</td>
<td>Arizona, Arkansas, Connecticut, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Hawaii, Illinois, Iowa, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Montana, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New Mexico, New York, North Dakota, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Texas, Utah</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alzheimer’s disease</td>
<td>Arizona, Arkansas, Delaware, Georgia, Illinois, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Montana, New Hampshire, New Mexico, North Dakota, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Utah</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Anorexia</td>
<td>California, Illinois Maryland, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Mexico, Washington State</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Anxiety</td>
<td>Nevada, New Jersey, Pennsylvania</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Condition</td>
<td>States Where Condition Qualifies for Medical Cannabis</td>
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<td>-----------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
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<tr>
<td>Arnold Chiari malformation</td>
<td>Illinois</td>
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<td>Arthritis, osteo</td>
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<tr>
<td>Arthritis, rheumatoid</td>
<td>Connecticut, Hawaii, Illinois, Michigan</td>
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<tr>
<td>Ataxia</td>
<td>Illinois (spinocerebellar), Nevada, New Mexico (Friedreich’s)</td>
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<td>Autism (or symptoms commonly associated with autism)</td>
<td>Colorado, Delaware, Georgia, Illinois, Iowa, Louisiana, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Nevada, New Mexico, New Mexico, Pennsylvania, Texas, Utah</td>
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<tr>
<td>Autoimmune disorder</td>
<td>Nevada, Utah</td>
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<td>Back pain, chronic</td>
<td>North Dakota</td>
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<td>Back pain, post-surgical</td>
<td>Connecticut</td>
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<td>Cachexia or Wasting Syndrome</td>
<td>Alaska, Arizona, Arkansas, California, Colorado, Connecticut, Delaware, Georgia, Hawaii, Illinois, Louisiana, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Montana, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Mexico, New York, Oregon, Utah, Vermont, Washington State</td>
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<td>Causalgia</td>
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<td>Cerebral palsy</td>
<td>Connecticut, Michigan</td>
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<td>Cervical dystonia</td>
<td>Illinois, New Mexico</td>
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<td>Cirrhosis</td>
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<td>CNS disorders</td>
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<td>Condition</td>
<td>States Where Condition Qualifies for Medical Cannabis</td>
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<tr>
<td>Complex regional pain syndrome type 2</td>
<td>Illinois</td>
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<tr>
<td>Corticobasal degeneration</td>
<td>Iowa</td>
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<td>Cystic fibrosis</td>
<td>Connecticut</td>
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<td>Dystonia</td>
<td>Illinois</td>
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<td>Dysmenorrhea</td>
<td>New Jersey</td>
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<tr>
<td>Ehler's-Danlos syndrome</td>
<td>Illinois, New Hampshire</td>
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<td>Epidermolysis bullosa</td>
<td>Georgia</td>
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<td>Fibromyalgia</td>
<td>Arkansas, Connecticut, Illinois, Ohio, North Dakota</td>
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<td>Fibrous dysplasia</td>
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<td>Headaches: migraines or intractable/severe</td>
<td>California, Connecticut, Delaware, Illinois, Missouri, New Jersey, Washington State</td>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Condition</th>
<th>States Where Condition Qualifies for Medical Cannabis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hepatitis C</td>
<td>Arizona, Arkansas, Illinois, Massachusetts, Michigan, Missouri, New Hampshire, New Mexico, North Dakota, Ohio, Rhode Island, Washington State</td>
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<td>Huntington's disease</td>
<td>Missouri, Montana, New Mexico, New York, Pennsylvania, West Virginia</td>
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<td>Hydrocephalus</td>
<td>Connecticut, Illinois</td>
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<td>Hydromyelia</td>
<td>Illinois</td>
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<td>Inclusion body myositis</td>
<td>New Mexico</td>
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<td>Inflammatory demyelinating polyneuropathy, chronic</td>
<td>Illinois</td>
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<td>Interstitial cystitis</td>
<td>Connecticut, Illinois</td>
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<tr>
<td>Irritable bowel syndrome (IBS) or Inflammatory bowel disease (IBD)</td>
<td>Illinois, Michigan, Missouri, New Jersey, New York, Ohio, Pennsylvania</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lewy body disease</td>
<td>New Mexico</td>
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<tr>
<td>Lupus</td>
<td>Hawaii, New Hampshire, Illinois</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Median Arcuate Ligament Syndrome</td>
<td>Connecticut</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mitochondrial disease</td>
<td>Georgia</td>
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<tr>
<td>Condition</td>
<td>States Where Condition Qualifies for Medical Cannabis</td>
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<tr>
<td>Muscular dystrophy</td>
<td>Connecticut, Illinois, Louisiana, New Hampshire, New Jersey</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Myasthenia gravis</td>
<td>Illinois</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Myoclonus</td>
<td>Illinois</td>
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<tr>
<td>Nail patella</td>
<td>Illinois, Michigan</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nausea/Vomiting, severe or intractable</td>
<td>Alaska, Arizona, Arkansas, California, Colorado, Delaware, Hawaii, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Montana, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New Mexico, New York, North Dakota, Oregon, Rhode Island, Utah, Vermont, Washington State</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nerve/Spinal cord damage or disease</td>
<td>Connecticut, Illinois, Michigan, Hampshire, New Mexico, New York, North Dakota, Ohio, Pennsylvania, West Virginia</td>
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<tr>
<td>Neurofibromatosis</td>
<td>Illinois</td>
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<tr>
<td>Neurological condition, degenerative or pervasive</td>
<td>Oregon, Texas</td>
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<tr>
<td>Neuropathy</td>
<td>Arkansas, Connecticut, Georgia, Illinois, Montana, Mexico, New York, Pennsylvania</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Obsessive-Compulsive Disorder (OCD)</td>
<td>Michigan</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Opioid-treated conditions/Opioid use disorder</td>
<td>Colorado, Illinois, Louisiana, Missouri, Nevada, New Jersey, New Mexico, New York, Pennsylvania, Utah</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Osteogenesis imperfecta</td>
<td>Connecticut</td>
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<tr>
<td>Condition</td>
<td>States Where Condition Qualifies for Medical Cannabis</td>
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<td>-------------------------------------------------------</td>
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<tr>
<td>Pancreatitis, chronic</td>
<td>New Hampshire</td>
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<tr>
<td>Polycystic kidney disease</td>
<td>Illinois</td>
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<tr>
<td>Post-Concussion Syndrome</td>
<td>Illinois</td>
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<tr>
<td>Post-herpetic neuralgia</td>
<td>Connecticut</td>
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<tr>
<td>Psoriasis, severe</td>
<td>Connecticut</td>
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<tr>
<td>Rare condition that affects less than 200,000 people in the US</td>
<td>Utah</td>
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<tr>
<td>Reflex sympathetic dystrophy</td>
<td>Illinois</td>
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<tr>
<td>Renal failure, chronic</td>
<td>Washington State</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sickle cell anemia</td>
<td>Connecticut, Georgia, Missouri, Ohio, Pennsylvania, West Virginia</td>
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<tr>
<td>Sjogren’s syndrome</td>
<td>Illinois</td>
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<tr>
<td>Condition</td>
<td>States Where Condition Qualifies for Medical Cannabis</td>
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<tr>
<td>Sleep apnea</td>
<td>Minnesota, New Mexico</td>
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<tr>
<td>Spasticity/Muscle spasms, severe or intractable</td>
<td>Alaska, Arizona, Arkansas, California, Colorado, Connecticut, Delaware, Hawaii, Louisiana, Maryland, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Maryland, Nevada, New Hampshire, New York, North Dakota, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Texas, Washington State</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spinal cord disease/injury</td>
<td>Illinois, Michigan, New Hampshire</td>
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<tr>
<td>Spinal muscular atrophy</td>
<td>New Mexico</td>
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<tr>
<td>Superior canal dehiscence syndrome</td>
<td>Illinois</td>
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<tr>
<td>Syringomyelia</td>
<td>Illinois</td>
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<td>Tarlov cysts</td>
<td>Illinois</td>
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<tr>
<td>Terminal Illness</td>
<td>Connecticut, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Iowa, Minnesota, Missouri, Montana, New Jersey, New Mexico, North Dakota, Pennsylvania, Texas (cancer only), West Virginia, Utah</td>
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<tr>
<td>Tourette's syndrome</td>
<td>Arkansas, Connecticut, Georgia, Illinois, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Montana, New Jersey, Ohio, Pennsylvania</td>
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<tr>
<td>Traumatic brain injury</td>
<td>Illinois, New Hampshire, Ohio, Washington State</td>
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<tr>
<td>Traumatic encephalopathy, chronic</td>
<td>Ohio</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ulcerative colitis</td>
<td>Arkansas, Connecticut, Illinois, Iowa Michigan, New Mexico, Ohio, Utah</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vulvodynia and vulvar burning</td>
<td>Connecticut</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weakness, impaired strength of ability</td>
<td>Massachusetts</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
2 Registering As A Patient Or Caregiver

Note: To see a list of the states where a condition qualifies for medical cannabis, refer to Section 1. Qualifying Conditions In The United States.

The following sections provide information about each medical cannabis program in the United States, including:

- **Qualifying conditions.** In order to obtain medical cannabis, you must have a qualifying condition as defined by the state where you live. If your state has a recreational cannabis program, you can legally obtain cannabis even if you don’t have a condition that qualifies under the state’s medical program. However, possession and cultivation limits may be different under the recreational cannabis rules.

- **Patient registration requirements.** In addition to the requirements listed below, you must have a valid proof of identification to obtain medical cannabis. Many states also require proof of residency in one or multiple forms, additional photos, a valid email address, and/or a valid credit card. You can find these additional requirements on each state’s medical cannabis program website.

- **Caregiver registration requirements.** In most states, patients may designate a caregiver to assist them with purchase, manufacture, and/or cultivation of medical cannabis products. In addition to the requirements listed below, caregivers may need valid proof of identification, proof of residency, additional photos, a valid email address, and/or a valid credit card to register. You can find these additional requirements on each state’s medical cannabis program website.

- **Medical possession limit.** The maximum amount of cannabis products a patient may possess.

- **Medical cultivation limit.** The maximum number of cannabis plants a patient may cultivate.

- **Link for more information.** A link to the state’s medical cannabis program website.

If you are visiting a state that has medical cannabis, go to that state’s website to learn if out-of-state patients are allowed to participate in their medical cannabis program. Even if they have a reciprocal program with your state, you may need to register with their program to shop for cannabis in that state.

**Disclaimer:** Although we do our best to keep state-specific content up to date, laws and regulations can change daily in the cannabis industry. Refer to each state’s medical cannabis website, linked to the state name, for the most current policy.

### 2.1 Alaska

**Note:** Recreational cannabis is legal in the state of Alaska.

**Qualifying conditions:**

- Cancer, glaucoma, HIV/AIDS, and any chronic or debilitating disease or treatment for such diseases that produces cachexia (wasting syndrome), severe pain, severe nausea, seizures (including those that are characteristic of epilepsy), or persistent muscle spasms (including those that are characteristic of multiple sclerosis)

- Refer to AS 17.37.070 for the most current list of qualifying conditions.

**Patient requirements:**
• $25 first time fee; $20 annual fee
• Must be 18 years of age or older; minor patients must meet additional requirements
• Physician’s statement
• Completed application with all related forms and requirements

Caregiver requirements:
• $25 first time fee; $20 annual fee
• Must be at least 21 years old
• Completed application with witness signature
• No felonies and not currently on parole or probation

Medical possession limit: Up to 1 oz flower

Medical cultivation limit: Up to 6 plants

Click here for more information.

2.2 Arizona

Qualifying conditions:
• Cancer, glaucoma, HIV/AIDS, hepatitis C, amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS)/Lou Gehrig’s disease, Crohn’s disease, agitation of Alzheimer’s disease, or a chronic or debilitating condition or its treatment that produces one or more of the following: cachexia (wasting syndrome), severe and chronic pain, severe nausea, seizures (including those characteristic of epilepsy), or severe or persistent muscle spasms (including those characteristic of multiple sclerosis)
• Refer to AZ Leg. 36-2801 for the most current list of qualifying conditions.

Patient requirements:
• $150 fee (reduced fee available)
• Must be 18 years of age or older; minor patients must meet additional requirements
• Completed application with all related forms and requirements
• Completed physician certification and attestation forms

Caregiver requirements:
• $200 annual fee per patient
• Must be at least 21 years old
• Qualifying patient’s information
• Completed application with all requirements met including fingerprints
• Background check, no excluding felony

Medical possession limit: Up to 2 ½ oz over a 2-week period

Medical cultivation limit: Up to 12 plants if they live more than 25 miles from a dispensary

Click here for more information.
2.3 Arkansas

Qualifying conditions:

- Cancer, glaucoma, HIV/AIDS, hepatitis C, ALS/Lou Gehrig’s disease, Tourette’s syndrome, Crohn’s disease, ulcerative colitis, post-traumatic stress disorder (PTSD), severe arthritis, fibromyalgia, Alzheimer’s disease, or a chronic or debilitating disease that produces cachexia or wasting syndrome, peripheral neuropathy, intractable pain, treatment or surgical measures for more than six (6) months, severe nausea, seizures (including those characteristic of epilepsy), or severe or persistent muscle spasms (including those characteristic of multiple sclerosis)
- Refer to the state’s laws for the most current list of Qualifying conditions: Arkansas Medical Marijuana Facts.

Patient requirements:

- $50 fee
- Must be 18 years of age or older; minor patients must meet additional requirements
- Certification from physician of qualification
- Completed application with all related forms and requirements

Caregiver requirements:

- $50 fee
- Must be at least 21 years old
- Background check required (additional $37 fee); certain felonies will exclude you
- Completed application with all related forms and requirements

Medical possession limit: Up to 2.5 oz every 14 days

Medical cultivation limit: No home cultivation

Click here for more information.

2.4 California

Note: Recreational cannabis is legal in California.

Qualifying conditions:

- Cancer, anorexia, AIDS, chronic pain, spasticity, cachexia, persistent muscle spasms (including those associated with multiple sclerosis), seizures (including, but not limited to, those associated with epilepsy), severe nausea, glaucoma, arthritis, migraines, and any other chronic or persistent medical symptom that substantially limits the ability of the person to conduct one or more major life activities (as defined by the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990) or, if not alleviated, may cause serious harm to the patient’s safety or physical or mental health
- Refer to California Proposition 215 for the most current list of qualifying conditions.

Patient requirements:

- $100 fee (reduced fee available)
- Must be 18 years of age or older; minor patients must meet additional requirements
• A copy of medical recommendation
• In-person application, where you will have your photo taken at the county’s program office
• Must provide personal information to the county program (specific requirements vary by county)

Caregiver requirements:
• $100 fee (reduced fee available)
• Must be at least 18 years old
• Designated by patient
• Must provide personal information to the county program (specific requirements vary by county)

Medical possession limit: No more than 8 oz of dried marijuana per qualified patient

Medical cultivation limit: No more than 6 mature or 12 immature marijuana plants

Click here for more information.

2.5 Colorado

Note: Recreational cannabis is legal in the state of Colorado.

Qualifying conditions:
• Cancer; glaucoma; HIV/AIDS; PTSD; autism spectrum disorder; any other medical condition, or treatment for such condition, approved by the state health agency, pursuant to its rule making authority or its approval of any petition submitted by a patient or physician as provided in this section; any condition for which a physician could prescribe an opioid; or a chronic or debilitating disease or medical condition that produces one or more of the following: cachexia (wasting syndrome), persistent muscle spasms, seizures, severe nausea, or severe pain
• Refer to Colorado’s Qualifying Medical Conditions for the most current list of qualifying conditions.

Patient requirements:
• $25 fee
• Must be 18 years of age or older; minor patients must meet additional requirements
• Physician certification with qualifying condition
• Completed application with all related forms and requirements

Caregiver requirements:
• Must be 18 years or older
• Complete online application that includes registration as a parental, advising, transporting, or cultivation caregiver

Medical possession limit: Up to 2 oz flower

Medical cultivation limit: Up to 12 plants unless certain requirements are met

Click here for more information.
2.6 Connecticut

Qualifying conditions:

- For adult patients: Cancer, glaucoma, HIV/AIDS, Parkinson’s disease, multiple sclerosis, damage to the nervous tissue of the spinal cord with objective neurological indication of intractable spasticity, epilepsy, cachexia (wasting syndrome), Crohn’s disease, PTSD, sickle cell disease, post laminectomy syndrome with chronic radiculopathy, severe psoriasis and psoriatic arthritis, ALS/Lou Gehrig’s disease, ulcerative colitis, complex regional pain syndrome, cerebral palsy, cystic fibrosis, irreversible spinal cord injury with objective neurological indication of intractable spasticity, terminal illness requiring end of life care, uncontrolled intractable seizure disorder, hydrocephalus with intractable headaches, intractable headache syndromes, neuropathic facial pain, muscular dystrophy, severe rheumatoid arthritis, spasticity or neuropathic pain associated with fibromyalgia, chronic neuropathic pain associated with degenerative spinal disorders, post herpetic neuralgia, osteogenesis imperfecta, interstitial cystitis, median arcuate ligament (MALS) syndrome, vulvodynia and vulvar burning, intractable neuropathic pain that is unresponsive to standard medical treatments, and Tourette’s syndrome.
- For minor patients: Cerebral palsy, cystic fibrosis, irreversible spinal cord injury with objective neurological indication of intractable spasticity, severe epilepsy, terminal illness requiring end-of-life care, uncontrolled intractable seizure disorder, muscular dystrophy, osteogenesis imperfecta, intractable neuropathic pain that is unresponsive to standard medical treatments, and Tourette’s syndrome for patients who have failed standard medical treatment.
- Refer to Connecticut’s medical marijuana qualification requirements for the most current list of qualifying conditions.

Patient requirements:

- $100 registration fee
- Certification by physician for qualified condition
- Completed application with all related forms and requirements

Caregiver requirements:

- $25 fee
- Must be at least 18 years old
- Patient must identify caregiver on their registration application
- Completed application with all related forms and requirements

Medical possession limit: 2.5 ounces per month, unless your physician states otherwise

Medical cultivation limit: No home cultivation

Click here for more information.

2.7 District of Columbia (DC)

Note: Recreational cannabis is legal in the District of Columbia.

Qualifying conditions:
• HIV/AIDS, cancer, glaucoma, and severe or persistent muscle spasms, including those characteristic of multiple sclerosis.
• Qualifying medical treatments: Chemotherapy, use of azidothymidine or protease inhibitors, and radiotherapy.
• Refer to the District of Columbia Municipal Regulations for MMJ for the most current list of qualifying conditions.

Patient requirements:
• $100 fee (reduced fee available)
• Must be 18 years of age or older; minor patients must meet additional requirements
• Healthcare practitioner recommendation
• Completed application with all related forms and requirements

Caregiver requirements:
• $100 fee (reduced fee available)
• Must be at least 18 years of age
• Must be designated by a qualifying patient
• Patient’s information and photograph
• Completed application with all related forms and requirements
• Background check required

Medical possession limit: Up to 2 oz flower (or the equivalent if sold in another form); 4 oz limit per 30-day period

Medical cultivation limit: Up to 6 plants (3 mature and 3 immature plants per patient); limit of 12 per residence

Click here for more information.

2.8 Delaware

Qualifying conditions:
• For adult patients: Terminal illness, cancer, HIV/AIDS, decompensated cirrhosis, hepatitis C, ALS/Lou Gehrig’s disease, agitation of Alzheimer’s disease, PTSD, intractable epilepsy, autism with self-injurious or aggressive behavior, glaucoma chronic debilitating migraines, or a chronic or debilitating disease or medical condition that produces one or more of the following: cachexia (wasting syndrome), severe, debilitating pain that has not responded to previously prescribed medication or surgical measure for more than 3 months, or for which other treatment options produced serious side effects, intractable nausea, seizures, severe or persistent muscle spasms, including those characteristic of multiple sclerosis
• For minor patients: Intractable epilepsy or a chronic or debilitating disease or medical condition where they have failed treatment involving one or more of the following symptoms: autism with self-injurious or aggressive behavior, cachexia (wasting syndrome), intractable nausea, severe, painful and persistent muscle spasms
• Refer to Medical Marijuana Program Qualifying Conditions for the most current list of qualifying conditions.
Patient requirements:
- $50 fee
- Must be 18 years of age or older; minor patients must meet additional requirements
- Physician certification and be diagnosed with a qualifying medical condition
- Completed application with all related forms and requirements

Caregiver requirements:
- $125 fee
- Must be at least 21 years old or the parent or legal guardian of a minor child
- Background check, no excluding felony
- Completed application with all related forms and requirements

Medical possession limit:
- Adult patients: 3 oz of flower every 14 days for a total of up to 6 oz of flower per month
- Minor patients: limited to cannabis oil of at least 15% CBD and no more than 7% THC

Medical cultivation limit: No home cultivation

Click here for more information.

2.9 Florida

Qualifying conditions:
- Cancer, epilepsy, glaucoma, HIV/AIDS, PTSD, ALS/Lou Gehrig's disease, Crohn's disease, Parkinson's disease, multiple sclerosis, medical conditions of the same kind or class as or comparable to those listed above, a terminal condition diagnosed by a physician other than the qualified physician issuing the certification, and chronic nonmalignant pain
- Refer to 381.986 Florida Statutes for the most current list of qualifying conditions.

Patient requirements:
- $75 fee
- Must be 18 years of age or older; minor patients must meet additional requirements
- Physician to enter patient into registry
- Completed application with all related forms and requirements

Caregiver requirements:
- $75 fee
- Must be at least 21 years old
- Certification course
- Background check required, unless caregiver is a close relative of the patient
- Completed application with all related forms and requirements

Medical possession limit: Up to 4 oz

Medical cultivation limit: No home cultivation
2.10 Georgia

Note: Program limited to low-THC oil (less than 5% THC).

Qualifying conditions:

- Cancer (when such diagnosis is end stage or the treatment produces related wasting illness or recalcitrant nausea and vomiting), ALS (when such diagnosis is severe or end stage), seizure disorders related to diagnosis of epilepsy or trauma related head injuries, multiple sclerosis (when such diagnosis is severe or end stage), Crohn’s disease, mitochondrial disease, Parkinson’s disease (when such diagnosis is severe or end stage), sickle cell disease (when such diagnosis is severe or end stage), Tourette’s syndrome (when such syndrome is diagnosed as severe), autism spectrum disorder (when patient is 18 years of age or more, or patient is less than 18 years of age and diagnosed with severe autism), epidermolysis bullosa, Alzheimer’s disease (when such disease is severe or end stage), AIDS (when such syndrome is severe or end stage), peripheral neuropathy (when symptoms are severe or end stage), patient is in hospice program (either as inpatient or outpatient), intractable pain, PTSD resulting from direct exposure to or witnessing of a trauma for a patient who is at least 18 years of age
- Refer to Low THC Oil - FAQ for General Public for the most current list of qualifying conditions.

Patient requirements:

- $25 fee
- Must be 18 years of age or older; minor patients must meet additional requirements
- Completed application by patient and physician and all related forms and requirements

Caregiver requirements:

- $25 fee
- Parent or legal guardian of patient with qualifying condition
- Completed application with all related forms and requirements

Medical possession limit: Up to 20 fl oz of low-THC oil (less than 5% THC)

Medical cultivation limit: No home cultivation

Click here for more information.

2.11 Hawaii

Qualifying conditions:

- ALS, cancer, Crohn’s disease, epilepsy, glaucoma, HIV/AIDS, lupus, multiple sclerosis, PTSD, rheumatoid arthritis, or a chronic or debilitating disease or medical condition that produces one or more of the following: cachexia (wasting syndrome), severe pain, severe nausea, seizures (including those characteristic of epilepsy), or severe and persistent muscle spasms (including those characteristic of multiple sclerosis or Crohn’s disease)
• Refer to Hawaii’s Eligible Debilitating Medical Conditions for the most current list of qualifying conditions.

Patient requirements:
• $38.50 fee
• Must be 18 years of age or older; minor patients must meet additional requirements
• Certified by a physician/APRN of qualified health condition
• Completed application with all related forms and requirements

Caregiver requirements:
• No fee
• Must be 18 years of age or older
• Registered by patient
• Completed application with all related forms and requirements

Medical possession limit: Up to 4 oz of flower

Medical cultivation limit: Up to 10 plants

Click here for more information.

2.12 Illinois

Note: Recreational cannabis is legal in the state of Illinois.

Qualifying conditions:
• HIV/AIDS, autism, agitation of Alzheimer’s disease, ALS/Lou Gehrig’s disease, Arnold-Chiari malformation, anorexia nervosa, cachexia (wasting syndrome), cancer, causalgia, chronic inflammatory demyelinating polyneuropathy, Crohn’s disease, CRPS (complex regional pain syndrome type II), dystonia, Ehlers-Danlos syndrome, fibrous dysplasia, glaucoma, hepatitis C, hydrocephalus, hydromyelia, interstitial cystitis, irritable bowel syndrome, lupus, migraines, multiple sclerosis, muscular dystrophy, myasthenia gravis, myoclonus, nail-patella syndrome, Neuro-Bechet’s autoimmune disease, neurofibromatosis, neuropathy, osteoarthritis, Parkinson’s disease, polycystic kidney disease (PKD), post-concussion syndrome, PTSD, reflex sympathetic dystrophy, residual limb pain, rheumatoid arthritis, seizures (including those characteristic of epilepsy), severe fibromyalgia, Sjogren’s syndrome, spinal cord disease (including but not limited to arachnoiditis), spinal cord injury with objective neurological indication of intractable spasticity, spinocerebellar ataxia, superior canal dehiscence syndrome, syringomyelia, Tarlov cysts, Tourette syndrome, traumatic brain injury (TBI), and ulcerative colitis
• Refer to Illinois Medical Cannabis Debilitating Conditions for the most current list of qualifying conditions.

Patient requirements:
• $100 fee (reduced fee available)
• Must be 18 years of age or older; minor patients must meet additional requirements
• Have a signed physician certification, unless you are a veteran receiving care at the VA
• Completed application with all related forms and requirements

Caregiver requirements:
• $25 fee ($75 if applying separately for a patient who is already registered)
• Must be 21 years or older
• Completed application with all related forms and requirements

Medical possession limit: Up to 2.5 oz over a 14-day period

Medical cultivation limit: (Under the recreational laws) No more than 5 plants, 5 inches tall

Click here for more information.

2.13 Iowa

Note: Program limited to low-THC oil (less than 3% THC). Legislation has been introduced to remove the cap.

Qualifying conditions:
• Cancer, if the underlying condition or treatment produces one or more of the following: severe or chronic pain, nausea or severe vomiting, cachexia (wasting syndrome); multiple sclerosis with severe and persistent muscle spasms; seizures, including those characteristic of epilepsy; AIDS/HIV as defined in section 141A.1; Crohn’s disease; ALS/Lou Gehrig’s disease; any terminal illness with a probable life expectancy of under one year, if the illness or its treatment produces one or more of the following: severe or chronic pain, nausea or severe vomiting, cachexia (wasting syndrome); Parkinson’s disease; ulcerative colitis; severe, intractable pediatric autism with self-injurious or aggressive behavior; untreatable pain; corticobasal degeneration
• Refer to Iowa Medical Cannabidiol Facts for the most current list of qualifying conditions.

Patient requirements:
• $100 fee (reduced fee available)
• Physician certification
• Must be 18 years of age or older; minor patients must meet additional requirements
• Completed application with all related forms and requirements

Caregiver requirements:
• $25 fee
• Must be 18 years or older
• Designated as primary caregiver on patient application
• Completed application with all related forms and requirements

Medical possession limit: Only cannabis oil containing no more than 3% THC allowed

Medical cultivation limit: No home cultivation

Click here for more information.
2.14 Louisiana

*Note: Program limited to non-smokable cannabis.*

**Qualifying conditions:**

- Cancer, HIV/AIDS, cachexia (wasting syndrome), seizure disorders, epilepsy, spasticity, Crohn’s disease, muscular dystrophy, multiple sclerosis, glaucoma, Parkinson’s disease, severe muscle spasms, intractable pain, PTSD, and some symptoms associated with autism spectrum disorder.
- Refer to Louisiana Department of Health: Medical Marijuana Facts for the most current list of qualifying conditions.

**Patient requirements:**

- No application required
- Diagnosed with a qualifying condition
- Recommendation from physician who has a Therapeutic Marijuana Registration
- Physician registers and removes a patient from online registry

**Caregiver requirements:** No caregiver program

**Medical possession limit:** Up to a 30-day supply of non-smokable cannabis

**Medical cultivation limit:** No home cultivation

Click here for more information.

2.15 Maine

*Note: Recreational cannabis is legal in the state of Maine.*

**Qualifying conditions:** No specific list of qualifying conditions; however, patient must have diagnosed medical condition that, in the patient's medical provider's opinion, may be alleviated by the therapeutic use of cannabis.

**Patient requirements:**

- No fee
- Must be 18 years of age or older; minor patients must meet additional requirements
- Patient status filed by physician

**Caregiver requirements:**

- Must be at least 21 years old
- Fee depends on services performed
- Background check and no excluding offense
- Copy of food establishment/processing license, if applicable
- Completed application with all related forms and requirements

**Medical possession limit:** Up to 8 lbs. of harvested marijuana and furnish up to 2.5 oz to a qualified patient; Up to 2.5 oz of concentrates
Medical cultivation limit:

- Patients: up to 6 mature and 12 immature plants
- Caregivers: up to 30 mature and 60 immature plants
- Annual cultivation fee ($240 per 6 plants) required if growing more than 6 plants

Click here for more information.

2.16 Maryland

Qualifying conditions:

- Cachexia (wasting syndrome), anorexia, severe or chronic pain, severe nausea, seizures, including those characteristic of epilepsy, severe and persistent muscle spasms, glaucoma, PTSD, and other chronic medical condition which is severe and for which other treatments have been ineffective
- Refer to Maryland Medical Cannabis Commission for the most current list of qualifying conditions.

Patient requirements:

- $50 fee
- Must be 18 years of age or older; minor patients must meet additional requirements
- Completed application with all related forms and requirements

Caregiver requirements:

- $50 fee
- Must be at least 21 years old
- Must be designated by patient
- Completed application with all related forms and requirements

Medical possession limit: Limit for 30-day period determined by physician.

Medical cultivation limit: No home cultivation

Click here for more information.

2.17 Massachusetts

Note: Recreational cannabis is legal in the state of Massachusetts.

Qualifying conditions:

- Cancer, glaucoma, HIV/AIDS, hepatitis C, ALS/Lou Gehrig’s disease, Crohn’s disease, Parkinson’s disease, multiple sclerosis, and other debilitating conditions as determined in writing by a qualifying patient’s certifying physician.
- Refer to An Act for the Humanitarian Medical Use of Marijuana for the most current list of qualifying conditions.

Patient requirements:
• $50 fee
  • Must be 18 years of age or older; minor patients must meet additional requirements
  • Certification from qualified health care professional
  • Completed application with all related forms and requirements

Caregiver requirements:
• Must be at least 21 years old
• PIN given to you by the registered qualifying patient
• Completed application with all related forms and requirements

Medical possession limit: You may possess up to 1 oz in public or have up to 10 oz of flower at home

Medical cultivation limit: Up to 6 plants; up to 12 plants for two or more adults

Click here for more information.

2.18 Michigan

Note: Recreational cannabis is legal in the state of Michigan.

Qualifying conditions:
• Cancer, glaucoma, HIV/AIDS, hepatitis C, ALS/Lou Gehrig’s disease, Crohn’s disease, agitation of Alzheimer’s disease, nail-patella syndrome, or a chronic or debilitating disease or medical condition that produces one or more of the following: cachexia (wasting disease), severe and chronic pain, severe nausea, seizures (including those characteristic of epilepsy), or severe or persistent muscle spasms (including those characteristic of multiple sclerosis)
• Refer to Michigan Medical Marihuana Act for the most current list of qualifying conditions.

Patient requirements:
• $40 fee for adult patients; $85 fee for minor patients
• Must be 18 years of age or older; minor patients must meet additional requirements
• Physician certification
• Completed application with all related forms and requirements

Caregiver requirements:
• $25 fee (paid for by patient)
• Must be at least 21 years old
• Designated by a patient to be a caregiver
• No drug-related or violent felonies
• Completed patient application and all related forms and requirements

Medical possession limit: Up to 2.5 oz on your person, or up to 10 oz at home

Medical cultivation limit: Up to 12 plants

Click here for more information.
2.19 Minnesota

Note: Program limited to non-smokable cannabis.

Qualifying conditions:

- Alzheimer’s disease; autism; cancer if the underlying condition or treatment produces one or more of the following: severe or chronic pain, nausea or severe vomiting, cachexia (wasting syndrome); glaucoma; HIV/AIDS; ALS/Lou Gehrig’s disease; Tourette’s syndrome; seizures (including those characteristic of epilepsy); severe and persistent muscle spasms (including those characteristic of multiple sclerosis); Crohn’s disease; inflammatory bowel disease (IBD); terminal illness with life expectancy of less than one year if the illness or its treatment produces one or more of the following: severe or chronic pain, nausea or severe vomiting, cachexia (wasting syndrome); intractable pain; PTSD; or obstructive sleep apnea
- Refer to Minnesota Medical Cannabis Qualifying Conditions for the most current list of qualifying conditions.

Patient requirements:

- $200 fee (reduced fee available)
- Must be 18 years of age or older; minor patients must meet additional requirements
- Healthcare practitioner certification
- Completed application with all related forms and requirements

Caregiver requirements:

- $15 fee
- Must be at least 18 years old
- Physician approval required
- Background check and no excluding offenses
- Completed application and all related forms and required materials
- Parents and legal guardians of the patient may act as a caregiver for the patient without going through the entire caregiver approval process

Medical possession limit: Up to a 90-day supply of non-smokable cannabis products

Medical cultivation limit: No home cultivation

Click here for more information.

2.20 Missouri

Qualifying conditions:

- Cancer; epilepsy; glaucoma; intractable migraines unresponsive to other treatment; conditions that cause persistent pain or muscle spasms, including multiple sclerosis, Parkinson’s disease, and Tourette’s syndrome; debilitating psychiatric disorders, including but not limited to, PTSD (if diagnosed by a state licensed psychiatrist); HIV/AIDS; a chronic medical condition normally treated with prescription medication that can lead to dependence, when a physician determines that medical marijuana could be an effective and safer treatment (most commonly used with
regard to prescription opioids); any terminal illness; in the professional judgment of a physician, any other chronic, debilitating or other medical condition, including, but not limited to: hepatitis C, ALS/Lou Gehrig’s disease, IBD, Crohn’s disease, Huntington’s disease, autism, neuropathies, sickle cell anemia, agitation of Alzheimer’s disease, cachexia (wasting syndrome); and any other chronic or debilitating medical condition that, in the professional judgment of a physician, might be helped by the use of medical cannabis

- Refer to Missouri Department of Health: Medical Marijuana FAQ for the most current list of qualifying conditions.

Patient requirements:

- $25 fee
- Must be 18 years of age or older; minor patients must meet additional requirements
- Physician certification form with qualifying condition
- Completed application with all related forms and requirements

Caregiver requirements:

- $25 fee
- Must be at least 21 years old
- Designated as caregiver on patient’s application
- Background check and no excluding offense
- Completed application with all related forms and requirements

Medical possession limit: Up to 4 oz may be purchased every 30 days; may not possess more than a 60-day supply if purchased; up to a 90-day supply if cultivated at home.

Medical cultivation limit: Up to 6 flowering plants, 6 vegetative plants, and 6 seeds or clones at one time; can be doubled if two qualified individuals are in the home.

Click here for more information.

2.21 Montana

Qualifying conditions:

- Cancer, glaucoma, HIV/AIDS, cachexia (wasting syndrome), severe or chronic pain, intractable nausea or vomiting, epilepsy or an intractable seizure disorder, multiple sclerosis, Crohn’s disease, painful peripheral neuropathy, a central nervous system disorder resulting in chronic, painful spasticity or muscle spasms, admittance into hospice care, and PTSD
- Refer to Montana Marijuana Program FAQ for the most current list of qualifying conditions.

Patient requirements:

- $30 fee
- Must be 18 years of age or older; minor patients must meet additional requirements
- Signed physician statement
- Completed application with all related forms and requirements

Caregiver requirements:
• Traditional caregiver role does not exist.
• Small-scale cultivation business and dispensaries can register as providers.

Medical possession limit: Up to 1 oz flower or its equivalent in concentrates or edibles

Medical cultivation limit: Up to 4 mature plants and 4 seedlings; if two cardholders reside in the same place then they can have up to 8 mature plants and 8 seedlings.

Click here for more information.

2.22 Nevada

Note: Recreational cannabis is legal in the state of Nevada.

Qualifying conditions:

• AIDS; anxiety disorder; autism spectrum disorder; autoimmune disease; cancer; chronic pain; opioid dependency; glaucoma; a medical condition or treatment that produces one or more of the following: anorexia, cachexia, muscle spasms (including spasms caused by multiple sclerosis), seizures (including seizures caused by epilepsy), severe nausea, severe or chronic pain; a medical condition related to AIDS/HIV; a neuropathic condition; or any other condition or treatment classified as chronic or debilitating
• Refer to Nevada Chapter 453a - Medical Use Of Marijuana for the most current list of qualifying conditions.

Patient requirements:

• $50 fee
• Must be 18 years of age or older; minor patients must meet additional requirements
• Proof of diagnosis of qualifying condition
• Completed application with all related forms and requirements

Caregiver requirements:

• $25 application fee; $75 annual registration fee
• Must be at least 18 years old
• Completed application with all related forms and requirements

Medical possession limit: Up to 2.5 oz in 14-day period

Medical cultivation limit: Up to 6 plants per house, no more than 12 mature plants if access to dispensaries is limited

Click here for more information.

2.23 New Hampshire

Qualifying conditions:

• Cancer, Ehler’s Danlos syndrome, glaucoma, HIV/AIDS, hepatitis C, ALS/Lou Gehrig’s disease, muscular dystrophy, Crohn’s disease, multiple sclerosis, chronic pancreatitis, spinal cord injury or disease, TBI, epilepsy, lupus, Parkinson’s disease, Alzheimer’s disease, ulcerative colitis, PTSD,
moderate to severe chronic pain, severe pain that has not responded to previously prescribed medication or surgical measures or for which other treatment options produced serious side effects, a severely debilitating or terminal medical condition that has produced one or more of the following: elevated intraocular pressure, cachexia (wasting syndrome), chemotherapy-induced anorexia, agitation of Alzheimer’s disease, severe pain that has not responded to previously prescribed medication or surgical measures or for which other treatment options produced serious side effects, nausea (consistent or severe), vomiting (moderate to severe), seizures, or severe, persistent muscle spasms

- Refer to New Hampshire’s Qualifying Medical Conditions for the most current list of qualifying conditions.

Patient requirements:

- $50 fee
- Must be 18 years of age or older; minor patients must meet additional requirements
- Diagnosed by a medical provider as having a qualifying medical condition
- Completed application with all related forms and requirements

Caregiver requirements:

- $50 fee
- Must be at least 21 years old
- Designated as caregiver on patient application
- Background check and no excluding offense
- Completed application with all related forms and requirements

Medical possession limit: Up to 2 oz

Medical cultivation limit: No home cultivation

Click here for more information.

2.24 New Jersey

Qualifying conditions:

- ALS, anxiety, cancer, chronic pain, dysmenorrhea, glaucoma, IBD (including Crohn’s disease), intractable skeletal spasticity, migraine, multiple sclerosis, muscular dystrophy, opioid use disorder, positive status for HIV and AIDS, PTSD, seizure disorder (including epilepsy), terminal illness with prognosis of less than 12 months to live, Tourette syndrome
- Refer to New Jersey Medicinal Marijuana Program for the most current list of qualifying conditions.

Patient requirements:

- $100 fee (reduced fee available)
- Must be 18 years of age or older; minor patients must meet additional requirements
- Diagnosed with a qualifying medical condition by a New Jersey health care practitioner registered with the MMP
- Complete patient certification
• Completed application with all related forms and requirements
• Parent caregiver required for minor patients under 18 (no fee)

Caregiver requirements:
• $100 fee (reduced fee available)
• Must be at least 18 years old
• Designated as caregiver by the patient on their application
• Background check and no excluding offense

Medical possession limit: Up to 3 oz in a 30-day period, unless the patient is terminal in which case the amount is unlimited

Medical cultivation limit: No home cultivation

Click here for more information.

2.25 New Mexico

Qualifying conditions:
• Alzheimer's disease, ALS, autism spectrum disorder, cancer, Crohn's disease, damage to the nervous tissue of the spinal cord (with objective neurological indication of intractable spasticity), epilepsy/seizure disorder, Friedreich's ataxia, glaucoma, hepatitis C infection currently receiving antiviral therapy, HIV/AIDS, hospice care, Huntington’s disease, inclusion body myositis, inflammatory autoimmune-mediated arthritis, intractable nausea/vomiting, Lewy body disease, multiple sclerosis, obstructive sleep apnea, opioid use disorder, painful peripheral neuropathy, Parkinson's disease, PTSD, severe anorexia/cachexia, severe chronic pain, spasmodic torticollis (cervical dystonia), spinal muscular atrophy, ulcerative colitis
• Refer to New Mexico Department of Health, Qualifying Conditions for the most current list of qualifying conditions.

Patient requirements:
• No fee
• Must be 18 years of age or older; minor patients must meet additional requirements
• Patient information form
• Medical certification form
• Medical record from their medical practitioner that supports a qualifying diagnosis
• Completed application with all related forms and requirements

Caregiver requirements:
• No fee
• Must be at least 18 years old
• Background check and no excluding offense
• Completed application and relevant forms, including signatures of both patient and caregiver

Medical possession limit: Up to 8 oz of flower

Medical cultivation limit: Up to 16 plants with 4 mature and 12 seedlings at any given time; $30 fee
2.26 New York

*Note: Program limited to non-smokable cannabis.*

**Qualifying conditions:**

- Cancer, HIV infection or AIDS, ALS, Parkinson's disease, multiple sclerosis, spinal cord injury with spasticity, epilepsy, IBD, neuropathy, Huntington's disease, PTSD, chronic pain (defined as pain that degrades health and functional capability as an alternative to opioid use or substance use disorder), and severe debilitating or life-threatening conditions that are also accompanied by one or more of the following associated or complicating conditions: cachexia or wasting syndrome, severe or chronic pain, severe nausea, seizures, or severe or persistent muscle spasms, PTSD, or opioid use disorder
- Refer to New York State Medical Marijuana Program FAQ for the most current list of qualifying conditions.

**Patient requirements:**

- $50 fee (currently waived)
- Must be 18 years of age or older; minor patients must meet additional requirements
- Proof of residency or proof you are temporarily residing in New York State for the purpose of receiving care and treatment within the state
- Certification from registered practitioner
- Completed application with all related forms and requirements

**Caregiver requirements:**

- $50 fee
- 21 years of age or older
- Designated on patient’s registration
- Background check and no excluding offense
- Completed application with all related forms and requirements

**Medical possession limit:** Up to a 30-day supply of non-smokable cannabis

**Medical cultivation limit:** No home cultivation

**2.27 North Dakota**

**Qualifying conditions:**

- Cancer, HIV/AIDS, hepatitis C (decompensated cirrhosis), ALS/Lou Gehrig's disease, PTSD, agitation of Alzheimer's disease or related dementia, Crohn’s disease, fibromyalgia, glaucoma, epilepsy, spinal stenosis or chronic back pain, including neuropathy or damage to the nervous tissue of the spinal cord with objective neurological indication of intractable spasticity, terminal illness, and a chronic or debilitating disease or medical condition or treatment for such disease
or medical condition that produces one or more of the following: cachexia or wasting syndrome, severe debilitating pain that has not responded to previously prescribed medication or surgical measures for more than three months or for which other treatment options produced serious side effects, intractable nausea, seizures, or severe and persistent muscle spasms (including those characteristic of multiple sclerosis)

- Refer to North Dakota Compassionate Care Act for the most current list of qualifying conditions.

**Patient requirements:**

- $50 fee
- 19 years of age or older; caregiver required for minor patients under 19
- Diagnosed with qualified condition
- Health care provider’s name and email address
- Completed application with all related forms and requirements

**Caregiver requirements:**

- $50 fee
- 10-digit application barcode number of the patient that the designated caregiver is responsible for
- Criminal history record check completed
- Completed application with all related forms and requirements

**Medical possession limit:**

- Adults: Up to 2.5 oz flower or 4,000 mg of cannabis product
- Minors: No dried cannabis or product with more than 6% THC

**Medical cultivation limit:** No home cultivation

[Click here for more information.](#)

### 2.28 Ohio

**Qualifying conditions:**

- AIDS, ALS/Lou Gehrig’s disease, Alzheimer’s disease, cancer, chronic traumatic encephalopathy, Crohn’s disease, epilepsy or other seizure disorders, fibromyalgia, glaucoma, hepatitis C, IBD, multiple sclerosis, pain that is either chronic and severe or intractable, Parkinson’s disease, HIV-positive status, PTSD, sickle cell anemia, spinal cord injury or disease, Tourette’s syndrome, TBI, and ulcerative colitis
- Refer to Ohio’s Medical Marijuana Control Program for the most current list of qualifying conditions.

**Patient requirements:**

- $50 fee
- Must be 18 years of age or older; minor patients must meet additional requirements
- Qualified physician registers patient
- Completed application with all related forms and requirements
Caregiver requirements:

- $25 fee
- Must be at least 21 years old
- Designated by patient
- Background check and no excluding offense
- Completed application with all related forms and requirements

Medical possession limit: Up to a 90-day supply of non-smokable cannabis product, defined as follows:

- General limits:
  - Plant material: No more than 8 oz of tier I plant material (≤ 23% THC) or 5.3 oz of tier II plant material (> 23% THC)
  - Transdermals and topicals: No more than 26.55 grams of THC content
  - Ingestible products: No more than 9.9 grams of THC content
  - Oil for vaporization: No more than 53.1 grams of THC content

- Limits for patients with terminal illness:
  - Plant material: No more than 10 oz of tier I plant material (≤ 23% THC) or 6.6 oz of tier II plant material (> 23% THC)
  - Transdermals and topicals: No more than 33.3 grams of THC content
  - Ingestible products: No more than 11.7 grams of THC content
  - Oil for vaporization: No more than 65.7 grams of THC content

Medical cultivation limit: No home cultivation

Click here for more information.

2.29 Oklahoma

Qualifying conditions: No specific list of qualifying conditions; however, a board-certified physician recommendation is required.

Patient requirements:

- $100 fee
- Must be 18 years of age or older; minor patients must meet additional requirements
- Patient physician recommendation
- Completed application with all related forms and requirements

Caregiver requirements:

- No fee
- Adult Patient Caregiver Designation Form signed by the patient
- Completed application with all related forms and requirements

Medical possession limit: Up to 8 oz flower in their residence, up to 3 oz on their person, 1 oz concentrate, and 72 oz of edible cannabis product with up to 3 oz on their person. No smokable products for minors.
Medical cultivation limit: 6 mature plants and 6 seedlings

Click here for more information.

2.30 Oregon

Note: Recreational cannabis is legal in Oregon.

Qualifying conditions:

- Cancer, glaucoma, a degenerative or pervasive neurological condition, HIV/AIDS, PTSD, a medical condition that produces one or more of the following: cachexia (wasting syndrome), severe pain, severe nausea, seizures (including but not limited to seizures caused by epilepsy), and persistent muscle spasms (including but not limited to those caused by multiple sclerosis)
- Refer to Oregon Medical Marijuana Act for the most current list of qualifying conditions.

Patient requirements:

- $200 fee (reduced fee available)
- Must be 18 years of age or older; minor patients must meet additional requirements
- Attending physician statement
- Grow site form/information
- Completed application with all related forms and requirements

Caregiver requirements:

- No added fee; information provided on patient application
- Must be at least 21 years old
- Background check and no excluding offense
- Completed application with all related forms and requirements

Medical possession limit: Up to 1 oz flower; up to 1 oz of concentrate; up to 16 oz of cannabinoid product in solid form; 10 cannabis seeds; 4 immature plants

Medical cultivation limit: Can grow up to 6 mature plants per patient; grow site fee of $200 if certain requirements are met

Click here for more information.

2.31 Pennsylvania

Qualifying conditions:

- ALS/Lou Gehrig’s disease, anxiety disorders, autism, cancer (including remission therapy), Crohn’s disease, damage to the nervous tissue of the spinal cord with objective neurological indication of intractable spasticity and other associated neuropathies, dyskinetic and spastic movement disorders, epilepsy, glaucoma, HIV/AIDS, Huntington’s disease, IBD, intractable seizures, multiple sclerosis, neurodegenerative diseases, neuropathies, opioid use disorder for which conventional therapeutic interventions are contraindicated or ineffective or for which adjunctive therapy is indicated in combination with primary therapeutic interventions,
Parkinson’s disease, PTSD, severe, chronic or intractable pain, sickle cell anemia, terminal illness, and Tourette syndrome
• Refer to Pennsylvania Medical Marijuana Program for the most current list of qualifying conditions.

Patient requirements:
• $50 fee
• Must be 18 years of age or older; minor patients must meet additional requirements
• Certified by approved physician
• Completed application with all related forms and requirements

Caregiver requirements:
• $50 fee
• At least 21 years old, unless authorized by the department
• Background check and no excluding offense
• Designated by the patient
• Completed application with all related forms and requirements

Medical possession limit: Up to a 30-day supply of cannabis

Medical cultivation limit: No home cultivation

Click here for more information.

2.32 Rhode Island

Qualifying conditions:
• Cancer; glaucoma; HIV/AIDS; hepatitis C; PTSD; any chronic or debilitating disease or medical condition that produces one or more of the following: cachexia (wasting syndrome), chronic or severe pain, severe nausea, seizures (including but not limited to those characteristic of epilepsy), or severe and persistent muscle spasms (including but not limited to those characteristics of multiple sclerosis, Crohn’s disease, or agitation of Alzheimer’s disease); any other medical condition or its treatment approved by the department
• Refer to Rhode Island’s medical marijuana approved conditions for the most current list of qualifying conditions.

Patient requirements:
• $50 fee (reduced fee available)
• Must be 18 years of age or older; minor patients must meet additional requirements
• Physician must fill out practitioner form
• Completed application with all related forms and requirements

Caregiver requirements:
• $50 fee (purchaser)
• $100 fee (cultivator)
• Must be at least 21 years old
• Background check and no excluding offense
• Completed application with all related forms and requirements

Medical possession limit: Up to 2.5 oz (higher possession limits allowed if legally operating cultivation)

Medical cultivation limit: Up to 12 mature plants and 12 seedlings; higher limits allowed if more than one caregiver on premises

Click here for more information.

2.33 Texas

Note: Program limited to non-smokable cannabis containing less than 0.5% THC.

Qualifying conditions:

• ALS, autism, terminal cancer, epilepsy, incurable neurodegenerative diseases, multiple sclerosis, seizure disorder, spasticity
• Refer to Texas DPS News and Updates for the most current list of qualifying conditions.

Patient requirements:

• No fee
• Must be a permanent resident of Texas
• Must be diagnosed with qualifying condition by physician and approved by that physician
• Patients under 18 may require legal guardian permission
• Completed application with all related forms and requirements

Caregiver requirements:

• Physician can designate legal guardian to pick up prescription for patient
• Legal guardian must show proof of identification to the dispensing organization

Medical possession limits: Possession limits set by physician; the law specifically prohibits smoking low-THC cannabis; therefore, possession of any amount of cannabis flower or any cannabis products with THC content above 0.5% is prohibited

Medical cultivation limit: No home cultivation

Click here for more information.

2.34 Utah

Qualifying conditions:

• HIV/AIDS; Alzheimer’s disease; ALS/Lou Gehrig’s disease; cancer; cachexia (wasting syndrome); persistent nausea that is not significantly responsive to traditional treatment (except for nausea related to pregnancy, cannabis-induced vomiting syndrome, or cannabinoid hyperemesis syndrome); Crohn’s disease; ulcerative colitis; epilepsy, or debilitating seizures; multiple sclerosis or persistent and debilitating muscle spasms; PTSD that a licensed and board-eligible or board-certified psychiatrist or psychologist with a doctorate-level degree has diagnosed or
confirmed through face-to-face or telehealth evaluation of the patient; autism; a terminal illness when the patient’s remaining life expectancy is less than six months; a condition resulting in the individual receiving hospice care; a rare condition or disease that affects less than 200,000 individuals in the United States (as defined in Section 526 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act) and is not adequately managed despite treatment attempts using conventional medications other than opioids or opiates and physical interventions; pain lasting longer than two weeks that is not adequately managed despite treatment attempts using conventional medications other than opioids or opiates and physical interventions; a condition that the compassionate use board approves under Section 26-61b-106 on an individual, case-by-case basis.

- Refer to House Bill 3001 – Utah Medical Cannabis Act for the most current list of qualifying conditions.

**Patient requirements:**

*Note: Utah began accepting patient applications on March 1, 2020. Prior to January 2021, patients meeting certain criteria outlined in the Medical Cannabis Act may legally possess medical cannabis without a medical cannabis card.*

- Fee not established
- 21 years of age or old; age 18 to 20 years old with approval of compassionate board; minors may qualify if they meet additional restrictions
- Provider recommended treatment
- Completed application with all related forms and requirements

**Caregiver requirements:**

- Fee not established
- At least 18 years of age
- Designated on patient application
- Background check and no excluding offense

**Medical possession limit:** Up to 30-day supply, 113 gm flower, or 20 gm THC in medicinal form

**Medical cultivation limit:** No home cultivation

[Click here for more information.](#)

### 2.35 Vermont

*Note: Recreational cannabis is legal in Vermont.*

**Qualifying conditions:**

- Cancer, including end of life care; multiple sclerosis; glaucoma; AIDS/HIV; Parkinson’s disease; Crohn’s disease; PTSD (provided the applicant is undergoing psychotherapy or counseling with a license mental health care provider); the treatment of these conditions, if the disease or the treatment results in severe, persistent, and intractable symptoms; or a disease, medical condition, or its treatment that is chronic, debilitating, and produces one or more of the
following intractable symptoms: cachexia (wasting syndrome), chronic pain, nausea, seizures (including those characteristic of epilepsy)

- Refer to Vermont Medical Marijuana Program FAQ for the most current list of qualifying conditions.

**Patient requirements:**

- $50 fee
- Must be 18 years of age or older; minor patients must meet additional requirements
- Must designate a dispensary
- Completed health care professional form
- Valid ID number
- Completed application with all related forms and requirements

**Caregiver requirements:**

- $50 fee
- Valid ID number
- Designated by patient
- Must be at least 21 years old
- Completed application with all related forms and requirements

**Medical possession limit:** Up to 2 oz (purchased from designated dispensary)

**Medical cultivation limit:** Medical marijuana patients and caregivers can collectively cultivate up to 2 mature cannabis plants, and seven immature cannabis plants

Click here for more information.

### 2.36 Washington State

**Note:** Recreational cannabis is legal in Washington state.

**Qualifying conditions:**

- Cancer; HIV/AIDS; multiple sclerosis; epilepsy or other seizure disorder; spasticity disorders; intractable pain (unrelieved by standard medical treatments and medications); glaucoma (either acute or chronic increased intraocular pressure unrelieved by standard treatments and medications); Crohn’s disease; hepatitis C; diseases, including anorexia, which result in nausea, vomiting, wasting, appetite loss, cramping, seizures, muscle spasms, or spasticity (when these symptoms are unrelieved by standard treatments or medications); chronic renal failure requiring dialysis; TBI; PTSD
- Refer to Washington State Medical Marijuana Qualifying Conditions for the most current list of qualifying conditions.

**Patient requirements:**

- $1 one-time fee
- Must be 18 years of age or older; minor patients must meet additional requirements
Medical authorization form submitted to a medically endorsed cannabis store; registered by certified consultant

**Caregiver requirements:**
- $1 one-time fee for Provider
- Must be 21 years of age or older
- Named on the patient’s medical marijuana authorization form
- Completed medical authorization form
- Entered into the medical marijuana database and have a designated provider recognition card, if the patient chooses to be entered into the database

**Medical possession limits:** 3 oz of cannabis; 21 g of concentrates; healthcare practitioner may authorize up to 16 oz of usable marijuana

**Medical cultivation limits:** Healthcare practitioner may authorize up to 15 plants; limited cultivation requirements under all other circumstances

Click here for more information.

### 2.37 West Virginia

*Note: Program limited to non-smokable cannabis.*

**Qualifying conditions:**
- Cancer; HIV/AIDS; ALS/Lou Gehrig’s disease; Parkinson’s disease; multiple sclerosis; damage to the nervous tissue of the spinal cord with objective neurological indication of intractable spasticity; epilepsy; neuropathies; Huntington’s disease; Crohn’s disease; PTSD; intractable seizures; sickle cell anemia; severe chronic or intractable pain of neuropathic origin or severe chronic or intractable pain in which conventional therapeutic intervention and opiate therapy is contraindicated or has proved ineffective as determined as part of continuing care; and terminal illness that is defined as a medical prognosis of life expectancy of approximately one year or less if the illness runs its normal course
- Refer to West Virginia Medical Cannabis Program FAQ for the most current list of qualifying conditions.

**Patient requirements:**
- Applications not yet available; requirements subject to change
- $50 fee
- Must be 18 years of age or older; minor patients must meet additional requirements

**Caregiver requirements:**
- Applications not yet available; requirements subject to change
- $50 fee
- Must be at least 21 years old
- Background check and no excluding offense

**Medical possession limit:** Up to a 30-day supply of non-smokable cannabis product
Medical cultivation limit: No home cultivation

Click here for more information.
United States Cannabis Work Permits and Business Licenses

The following sections provide information about cannabis industry work permits and business licenses in the United States.

1 US Cannabis Work Permits

In order to work at a cannabis industry job in the United States, you must meet certain regulatory requirements. These requirements are different in every state, but may include age restrictions, a background check, completing an application, and paying a fee. Requirements may also be different depending on whether you work in an entry-level, management, or ownership position.

The following information is summarized below for each state:

- **Minimum age**: The minimum age required by the state to work in the cannabis industry.
- **Legal requirements**: Fees, background check, ID, and application required by the state to work in the cannabis industry.
- **Training requirements**: Training that’s required by the state to work in the cannabis industry, if any.
- **Card**: Cannabis industry work permit issued by the state, if any.
- A link to the state’s cannabis industry work permit website.

*Disclaimer: Although we do our best to keep state-specific content up to date, laws and regulations can change daily in the cannabis industry. Refer to the links for the most current policies.*

1.1 Alaska

**Minimum age**: 21

**Legal requirements**:

- $50 fee
- Background check, no disqualifying offenses
- Valid photo ID
- Additional photo that meets requirements
- Completed application

**Training requirements**: State-provided Marijuana Handler Permit Training

**Card**: Marijuana Handler Permit issued by state

[Click here for more information.](#)
1.2 Arizona

Minimum age: 21

Legal requirements:

- Fee paid by dispensary
- Application must be submitted by dispensary
- Background check/fingerprints, no disqualifying offenses
- Valid photo ID
- Additional photo that meets requirements
- Completed application

Training requirements: Not required

Card: Dispensary Agent Registration Card issued through Dispensary

Click here for more information.

1.3 Arkansas

Minimum age: 21

Legal requirements:

- $50 fee (plus $25 background check)
- Background check, no disqualifying offenses

Training requirements: On-the-job training provided by Pharmacist Consultant

Card: Registry Identification Card issued by state

Click here for more information.

1.4 California

Minimum age: 21

Legal requirements:

- No fee
- Background check, no disqualifying offenses

Training requirements: One supervisor and one employee must successfully complete a Cal/OSHA 30-hour General Industry Outreach course.

Card: ID badge issued by employer

Click here for more information.
1.5 Colorado

Minimum age: 21

Legal requirements:
- $100 fee
- Valid photo ID
- In person application where picture is taken
- Background check, no disqualifying offenses

Training requirements: Not required

Card: MED badge issued by state

Click here for more information.

1.6 Connecticut

Minimum age: 18

Legal requirements:
- $100 fee
- Valid photo ID
- Additional photo that meets requirements

Training requirements: Not required

Card: None issued

Click here for more information.

1.7 Delaware

Minimum age: 21

Legal requirements:
- $125 fee
- Background check required with no excluding offenses

Training requirements: Not required

Card: Registry Identification Card issued by state

Click here for more information.
1.8 District of Columbia (DC)

**Minimum age:** 21

**Legal requirements:**
- Fee for employee $75
- Fee for manager: $150
- Various other fees for positions
- Liability attestation form
- Completed application

**Training requirements:** Program provided by registered MMP Certification Provider

**Card:** Registration identification card issued by state

[Click here for more information.](#)

1.9 Florida

**Minimum age:** 21

**Legal requirements:**
- $75 fee
- Background check, no disqualifying offenses

**Training requirements:** CE required for Medical Director

**Card:** None issued

[Click here for more information.](#)

1.10 Georgia

**Minimum age:** Not yet determined

**Legal requirements:** Not yet determined

**Training requirements:** Not yet determined

**Card:** Not yet determined

[Click here for more information.](#)

1.11 Hawaii

**Minimum age:** 21

**Legal requirements:**
• No fee
• Background check, no disqualifying offenses

Training requirements: Not required
Card: None issued

Click here for more information.

1.12 Illinois

Minimum age: 21

Legal requirements:
• $100 fee
• Completed application by dispensary for agent
• Background check, no disqualifying offenses
• Valid photo ID
• Additional picture of applicant
• Verification of residency
• Sworn statement the applicant has not been convicted of an excluded offense in any jurisdiction

Training requirements: Not required
Card: Dispensing Organization Agent Registration Identification Card issued by dispensary

Click here for more information.

1.13 Iowa

Minimum age: 18

Legal requirements:
• $200 fee (employer pays)
• Background check, no disqualifying offenses

Training requirements: Not required
Card: Employee identification card issued by dispensary

Click here for more information.

1.14 Louisiana

Minimum age: 21

Legal requirements:
• $100 fee
• Background check/fingerprints; no qualifying offenses
• Completed application
• For retail work permits (licensed pharmacies), pharmaceutical rules apply

Training requirements: Not yet determined

Card: None required

Click here for more information.

1.15 Maine

Minimum age: 18

Legal requirements:
• $51 fee ($20 for application; $31 for background check)
• Background check; some disqualifying offenses
• Completed application

Training requirements: Not required

Card: Registry Identification Card issued by state

Click here for more information.

1.16 Maryland

Minimum age: 21

Legal requirements:
• No fee
• Pre-employment drug screening; medical justification may be provided for any drugs found during screening (e.g., a valid medical cannabis patient ID card)
• Background check, no disqualifying offenses

Training requirements: Not required

Card: Registered Grower Agent, Registered Processor Agent, or Registered Dispensary Agent ID issued by state

Click here for more information.

1.17 Massachusetts

Minimum age: 21

Legal requirements:
• Fee paid for by employer
• Background check, no disqualifying offenses

Training requirements: Not required
Card: Registration Card issued by state
Click here for more information.

1.18 Michigan
Minimum age: 21

Legal requirements:
• No fee
• Background check, no disqualifying offenses

Training requirements: Not required
Card: Registry Card issued by state
Click here for more information.

1.19 Minnesota
Minimum age: 21

Legal requirements:
• No fee
• Background check, no disqualifying offenses

Training requirements: Not required
Card: ID card issued by employer
Click here for more information.

1.20 Missouri
Minimum age: 21

Legal requirements:
• No fee
• Background check, no disqualifying offenses

Training requirements: Not required
Card: Agent ID card issued by state
Click here for more information.
1.21 Montana

**Minimum age**: 18

**Legal requirements**:
- $10 fee
- Background check, no disqualifying offenses
- Completed application

**Training requirements**: Not required

**Card**: Registry Identification Card issues by state

*Click here for more information.*

1.22 Nevada

**Minimum age**: 21

**Legal requirements**:
- $75 fee
- Background check, no disqualifying offenses
- Additional photo that meets requirements
- Completed application

**Training requirements**: Establishment must provide agents with training before they begin to work or volunteer

**Card**: Marijuana Agent Registration Card issued by state

*Click here for more information.*

1.23 New Hampshire

**Minimum age**: 21

**Legal requirements**:
- $50 fee
- Background check, no disqualifying offenses

**Training requirements**: Establishment must provide at least 8 hours of training a year

**Card**: Access control card issued by employer

*Click here for more information.*

1.24 New Jersey

**Minimum age**: 18
Legal requirements:

- No fee
- Background check, no disqualifying offenses

Training requirements: Establishment must provide at least 8 hours of on-site training every year

Card: ID card issued by employer

Click here for more information.

1.25 New Mexico

Minimum age: 18

Legal requirements:

- No fee
- Background check, no disqualifying offenses

Training requirements: Not required

Card: MCP License Identification card issued by employer

Click here for more information.

1.26 New York

Minimum age: 21

Legal requirements:

- No fee
- No felony convictions for sale or possession of drugs, narcotics, or controlled substances in the past 10 years.

Training requirements: Practitioners and pharmacists must take a state-mandated 2 to 4 hour course.

Card: No card issued

Click here for more information.

1.27 North Dakota

Minimum age: 21

Legal requirements:

- $200 fee
- Background check, no disqualifying offenses
- Additional photo that meets requirements
- Completed application
Training requirements: Not required
Card: Registry identification card
Click here for more information.

1.28  Ohio

Minimum age: 21

Legal requirements:

- $100 to $500 fee
- Background check, no disqualifying offenses
- Criminal Conviction Determination Request Form ($25), no disqualifying offenses Completed application

Training requirements: Foundational Training requirements for all employees
Card: Board issued ID
Click here for more information.

1.29  Oklahoma

Minimum age: 21

Legal requirements:

- Fee: $15 background check
- Background check, no disqualifying offenses

Training requirements: Not required
Card: No card issued
Click here for more information.

1.30  Oregon

Medical Program

Minimum age: 21 (18 if OMMP patient)

Legal requirements: No fee

Training requirements: Not required
Card: No card issued

Recreational Program

Minimum age: 21
Legal requirements:

- $100 fee
- Background check, no disqualifying offenses
- Completed application

Training requirements: Must pass state test

Card: Marijuana Worker Permit issued by state

Click here for more information.

1.31 Pennsylvania

Minimum age: 21

Legal requirements:

- No fee
- Background check, no disqualifying offenses

Training requirements:

- Employee: Two-hour state course
- Pharmacist: 4-hour CME course

Card: No card issued

Click here for more information.

1.32 Rhode Island

Minimum age: 21

Legal requirements:

- $100 fee
- Background check, no disqualifying offenses
- Completed application

Training requirements: Not required

Card: Rhode Island Medical Marijuana registry card issued by employer

Click here for more information.

1.33 Texas

Minimum age: 21

Legal requirements:
- $530 fee
- Background check, no disqualifying offenses
- Completed application

**Card:** State issued registration card

**Click here for more information.**

### 1.34 Utah

**Minimum age:** 21

**Legal requirements:**
- $150 fee ($100 application fee, $50 background check fee)
- Background check, no disqualifying offenses

**Training requirements:** State mandated completion and certificate

**Card:** Agent card issued by state

**Click here for more information.**

### 1.35 Vermont

**Minimum age:** 21

**Legal requirements:**
- Fee paid for by employer
- Background check, no disqualifying offenses

**Training requirements:** Not required

**Card:** Registry Identification card issued by employer

**Click here for more information.**

### 1.36 Washington State

**Minimum age:** 21

**Legal requirements:**
- (Certified Medical Marijuana Consultant only) $95 fee
- (Certified Medical Marijuana Consultant only) Completed application
- Valid proof of age

**Training requirements:** (Certified Medical Marijuana Consultant only) 20-hour program and CPR training

**Card:** No card issued


1.37 West Virginia

Minimum age: 21

Legal requirements:

- No fee
- National criminal history records check

Training requirements: Not required

Card: Registration card issued by state

Click here for more information.

2 US Cannabis Business Licenses

Although many US states have medical and recreational cannabis programs, not all of them are accepting applications for new businesses. Below, the following information is provided for each state that has a medical or recreational cannabis program.

- **Program Type**: Whether the program is medical or recreational. Also provides potency and administration method restrictions where applicable.
- **Vertical Integration**: Whether or not a business handles all aspects of cannabis, from cultivation to sales. Vertical integration can be optional, required by regulations, or prohibited by regulations.
- **License Availability**: Whether the state is accepting new business license applications.
- **Application or Medical program link**: A link to the application is provided if available (even if the state is not currently accepting new business applications). If no application link is available, a link to the cannabis program website is provided.
- **Licensing Fees**: If applicable and published, the business licensing fees (or a link to the fee schedule).
- **Inventory Tracking System**: The seed-to-sale inventory tracking system required by the state.

*Disclaimer: Although we do our best to keep state-specific content up to date, laws and regulations can change daily in the cannabis industry. Refer to the links for the most current policies.*

2.1 Alaska

Program type: Both Medical and Recreational

Vertical integration: Optional

License availability: Unlimited

Applications: Marijuana license application
2.2 Arizona

Program type: Medical
Vertical integration: Required
License availability: Available during open bidding periods; currently closed
Applications:
- Dispensary/Cultivation Facility
- Infusion Kitchen

Licensing fees:
- Initial Dispensary Registration: $5000
- Add Cultivation: $2500
- Annual Dispensary Renewal: $1000

Inventory tracking system: Required; specific system not specified

2.3 Arkansas

Program type: Medical
Vertical integration: Optional
License availability: Available during open bidding periods; currently closed
Applications: Arkansas Medical Marijuana Commission

Licensing fees: Depends on facility type

Inventory tracking system: BioTrackTHC

2.4 California

Program type: Both Medical and Recreational
Vertical integration: Optional
License availability: Unlimited
Applications:
- Cultivation
- Manufacturing
- Dispensary, Distribution, Labs, Microbusinesses, Events
Licensing fees:

- Cultivation: See cultivation fee schedule
- Manufacturing: Based on gross revenue
- Dispensary, Distribution, Labs, Microbusinesses, Events: Based on estimated gross revenue for the 12-month period of the license

Inventory tracking system: Metrc

2.5 Colorado

Program type: Both Medical and Recreational

Vertical integration:

- Recreational: Optional
- Medical: Required

License availability: Not limited by state, but may be limited by county or municipality

Applications: MED Regulated Marijuana Business License Application

Licensing fees: Based on business type

Inventory tracking system: Metrc

2.6 Connecticut

Program type: Medical

Vertical integration: Optional

License availability: Available during open bidding periods; currently closed

Applications:

- Dispensary
- Producer

Licensing fees:

- Dispensary
- Producer

Inventory tracking system: Required; specific system not specified

2.7 Delaware

Program type: Medical

Vertical integration: Required
License availability: No applications are currently being accepted
Medical program link: Medical Marijuana Program
Licensing fees: N/A
Inventory tracking system: BioTrackTHC

2.8 District of Columbia (DC)
Program type: Both Medical and Recreational
Vertical integration: Optional
License availability: Not accepting applications. Due to recreational legalization in 2014, there are no plans to issue more licenses.
Medical program link: Medical Marijuana Facilities
Licensing fees: N/A
Inventory tracking system: Metrc

2.9 Florida
Program type: Medical
Vertical integration: Required (legislation has been introduced to change this to optional)
License availability: No open registrations are available for new businesses.
Applications: Application for Medical Marijuana Treatment Center Registration
Licensing fees: N/A
Inventory tracking system: Required; specific system not specified

2.10 Georgia
Program type: Medical, limited to low-THC oil (less than 5% THC)
Vertical integration: Undecided
License availability: Program has not yet been set up.

- Cultivation: Two large companies and four smaller companies will be authorized to grow medical cannabis.
- Production: The University of Georgia and Fort Valley State University will seek licenses to produce and manufacture marijuana oil. Private production facilities will have to be approved by the Georgia Access to Medical Cannabis Commission.
• Dispensary: Pharmacies will be allowed to sell low-THC oil if they’re licensed by the State Board of Pharmacy. Private dispensaries and production facilities will have to be approved by the Georgia Access to Medical Cannabis Commission.

Medical program link: FAQ page

Licensing fees: Georgia HB 324

Inventory tracking system: Not yet determined

2.11 Hawaii

Program type: Medical

Vertical integration: Required

License availability: Not accepting dispensary applications until further notice. Lab applications available.

Medical program link: Medical Cannabis Dispensary Program

Licensing fees (Lab): $3,000

Inventory tracking system: BioTrackTHC

2.12 Illinois

Program type: Both Medical and Recreational

Vertical integration:

• Medical: Optional
• Recreational: Prohibited

License availability:

• Medical: Available during open bidding periods; currently closed
• Recreational: Available during open bidding periods; last period closed March 2020; next period open in Spring/Summer 2021

Applications:

• Medical Dispensary
• Medical Cannabis Cultivation Center Application
• Adult Use Cannabis

Licensing fees:

• Medical
• Recreational

Inventory tracking system: BioTrackTHC
2.13 Iowa

Program type: Medical program limited to low-THC oil (less than 3% THC). Legislation has been introduced to remove the cap.

Vertical integration: Optional

License availability: Limited to two manufacturing licenses and five dispensary licenses. No current plant to accept additional applications for either license type.

Medical program link: Medical Cannabidiol Information for Manufacturers and Dispensaries

Licensing fees: N/A

Inventory tracking system: BioMauris, LLC

2.14 Louisiana

Program type: Medical program limited to non-smokable cannabis

Vertical integration: Prohibited

License availability:

- Pharmacy: No pharmacy permits available.
- Production: Louisiana State University and Southern University are the only authorized, licensed medical marijuana cultivators and processors.

Applications: Application for New Louisiana Marijuana Pharmacy Permit

Licensing fees: N/A

Inventory tracking system: LMMTS

2.15 Maine

Program type: Both Medical and Recreational

Vertical integration: Optional

License availability:

- Medical: No applications are currently being accepted.
- Recreational: Applications available

Applications:

- Medical: N/A
- Recreational

Licensing fees:

- Medical: N/A

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- Recreational

**Inventory tracking system:** Metrc

### 2.16 Maryland

**Program type:** Medical

**Vertical integration:** Optional

**License availability:** Available during open bidding periods; currently closed

**Applications:** License Information

**Licensing fees:** N/A

**Inventory tracking system:** Metrc

### 2.17 Massachusetts

**Program type:** Both Medical and Recreational

**Vertical integration:**
- Medical: Required
- Recreational: Optional

**License availability:** Unlimited

**Applications:**
- Medical
- Recreational

**Licensing fees:**
- Medical
- Recreational

**Inventory tracking system:** Metrc

### 2.18 Michigan

**Program type:** Both Medical and Recreational

**Vertical integration:** Optional

**License availability:** Not limited by state, but may be limited by county or municipality

**Applications (All):** Applications and Forms

**Licensing fees:**
### 2.19 Minnesota

**Program type:** Medical program limited to non-smokable cannabis  
**Vertical integration:** Required  
**License availability:** No applications are currently being accepted.  
**Applications:** N/A  
**Licensing fees:** N/A  
**Inventory tracking system:** Required; specific system not specified

### 2.20 Missouri

**Program type:** Medical  
**Vertical integration:** Optional  
**License availability:** Available during open bidding periods; only transportation and seed-to-sale applications are currently open  
**Applications:** Facility Application  
**Licensing fees:** Fee Schedule  
**Inventory tracking system:** Metrc

### 2.21 Montana

**Program type:** Medical  
**Vertical integration:** Optional  
**License availability:** Unlimited  
**Applications:** Montana Medical Marijuana Program  
**Licensing fees:** Fees  
**Inventory tracking system:** Metrc

### 2.22 Nevada

**Program type:** Both Medical and Recreational  
**Vertical integration:** Optional
License availability: Application period is closed for both Medical and recreational businesses. Sign up for notification of next open period.

Applications: License Applications

Licensing fees: Licensing Fees

Inventory tracking system: Metrc

### 2.23 New Hampshire

Program type: Medical

Vertical integration: Required

License availability: No applications are currently being accepted

Applications: N/A

Licensing fees: He-C 402.04 Fees

Inventory tracking system: Metrc

### 2.24 New Jersey

Program type: Medical

Vertical integration: Required

License availability: Available during open bidding periods; currently closed; no open bidding period scheduled

Medical program link: Division of Medical Marijuana

Licensing fees: N/A

Inventory tracking system: Required; specific system not specified

### 2.25 New Mexico

Program type: Medical

Vertical integration: Required

License availability: Available during open bidding periods; currently closed; no open bidding period scheduled

Applications: Producers and Distributors

Licensing fees: N/A

Inventory tracking system: BioTrackTHC
2.26 New York

Program type: Medical program limited to non-smokable cannabis

Vertical integration: Required

License availability: Available during open bidding periods; currently closed; no open bidding period scheduled

Applications: Medical Marijuana Program Applications

Licensing fees: N/A

Inventory tracking system: BioTrackTHC

2.27 North Dakota

Program type: Medical

Vertical integration: Optional

License availability: No applications are currently being accepted

Applications: Dispensary

Licensing fees: N/A

Inventory tracking system: BioTrackTHC

2.28 Ohio

Program type: Medical

Vertical integration: Optional

License availability:
- Cultivation: Closed
- Processing: Closed
- Dispensary: Available during open bidding periods; currently closed. Board will review and decide whether to open dispensary application process on even years.
- Test Lab: Unlimited

Applications:
- Dispensary
- Test Lab

Licensing fees:
- Dispensary
- Test Lab
Inventory tracking system: Metrc

2.29 Oklahoma
Program type: Medical
Vertical integration: Optional
License availability: Unlimited
Applications: Business Application Information
Licensing fees: $2,500 per license
Inventory tracking system: GrowFlow

2.30 Oregon
Program type: Both Medical and Recreational
Vertical integration: Optional
License availability:

- Medical: Applications accepted on rolling basis
- Recreational: Unlimited

Applications:

- Medical Marijuana Processors
- Medical Marijuana Dispensaries
- Recreational Marijuana Licensing

Licensing fees:

- Medical
- Recreational

Inventory tracking system: Metrc Cannabis Tracking System (CTS)

2.31 Pennsylvania
Program type: Medical
Vertical integration: Optional
License availability: Available during open bidding periods; currently closed; no open bidding period scheduled
Applications:

- Grower/Processor/Dispensary: N/A
- Test Lab
Licensing fees: Chapter 1141. General Provisions—Temporary Regulations
Inventory tracking system: MJ Freeway

2.32 Rhode Island

Program type: Medical
Vertical integration: Optional
License availability: Available during open bidding periods
  • Cultivation/Compassion Center: Closed
  • Test Lab: Open
Applications:
  • Grower/Dispensary
  • Test Lab
Licensing fees: 230-RICR-80-5-1
Inventory tracking system: Issued by the state

2.33 Texas

Program type: Medical program limited to non-smokable cannabis containing less than 0.5% THC
Vertical integration: Required
License availability: Available during open bidding periods; currently closed; no open bidding period scheduled
Medical program link: Compassionate Use Program
Licensing fees: Compassionate Use/Low-THC Cannabis Program Administrative Rules
Inventory tracking system: Required; specific system not specified

2.34 Utah

Program type: Medical
Vertical integration: Optional
License availability: Available during open bidding periods
  • Pharmacy: Open
  • Cultivators: Closed
  • Processors: Open
  • Test Lab: Open
Applications:
- Pharmacy
- Cultivators: N/A
- Processors
- Testing Laboratory

Licensing fees: Printed on applications

Inventory tracking system: Leaf Data Systems

2.35 Vermont

Program type: Both Medical and Recreational

Vertical integration:
- Medical: Required
- Recreational: Program not developed yet

License availability:
- Medical: Available during open bidding periods; currently closed
- Recreational: Program not developed yet

Medical program link: Dispensaries

Licensing fees: N/A

Inventory tracking system: Required; specific system not specified

2.36 Washington State

Program type: Both Medical and Recreational

Vertical integration:
- Medical: Prohibited
- Recreational: Optional

License availability: Available during open bidding period; currently closed; sign up here for updates.

- Medical Cooperative: Open
- Producer: Closed
- Processor: Closed
- Retailer: Closed

Applications: Marijuana License Applications

Licensing fees: Chapter 314-55 WAC

Inventory tracking system: Leaf Data
2.37 West Virginia

Program type: Medical program limited to non-smokable cannabis

Vertical integration: Optional

License availability: Available during open bidding periods; closed as of February 18, 2020; no new open bidding period scheduled

Applications: Business Applications

Licensing fees:

- Grower/Processor
- Dispensary

Inventory tracking system: Required; specific system not specified